

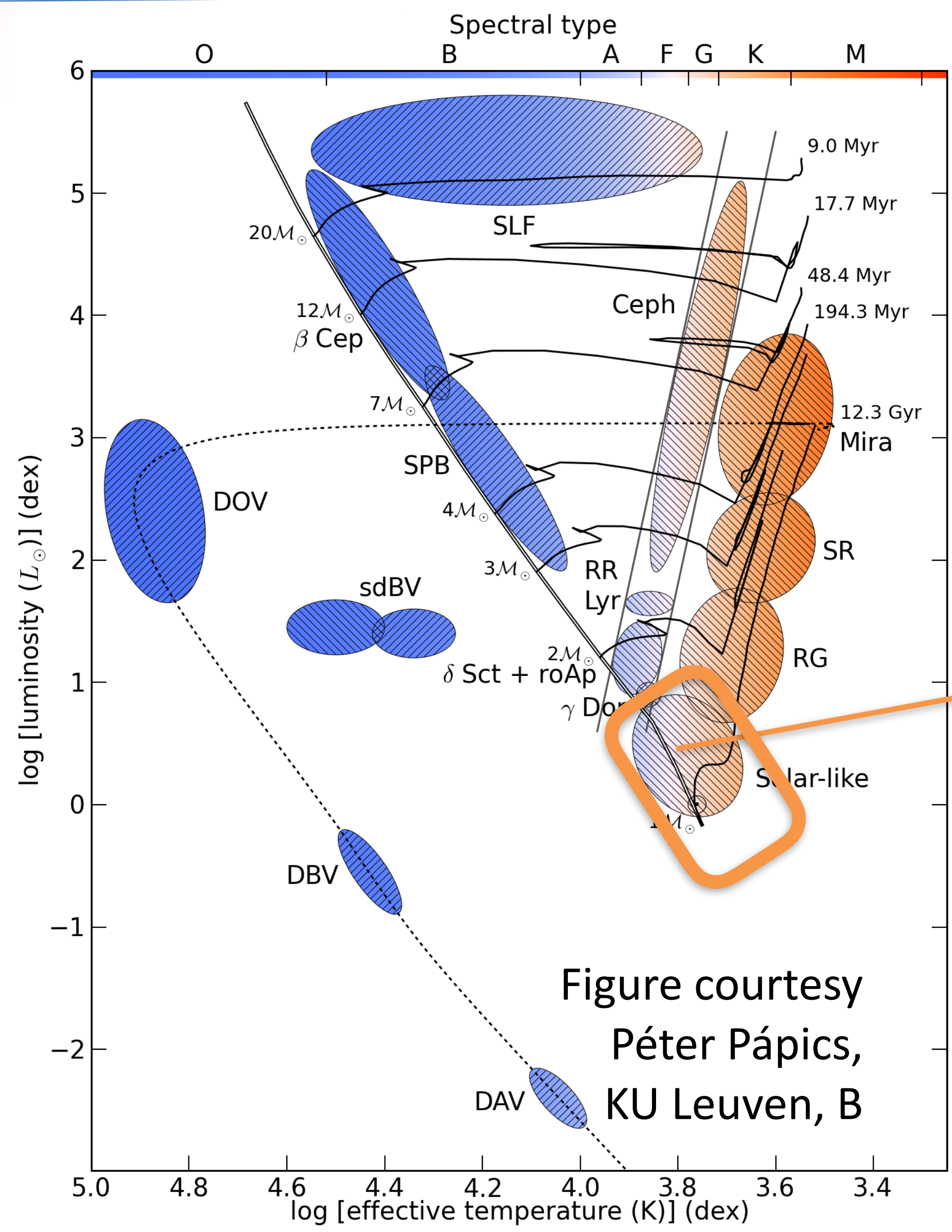
Rauer et al. (2024) for the latest mission information

PLATO Complementary Science

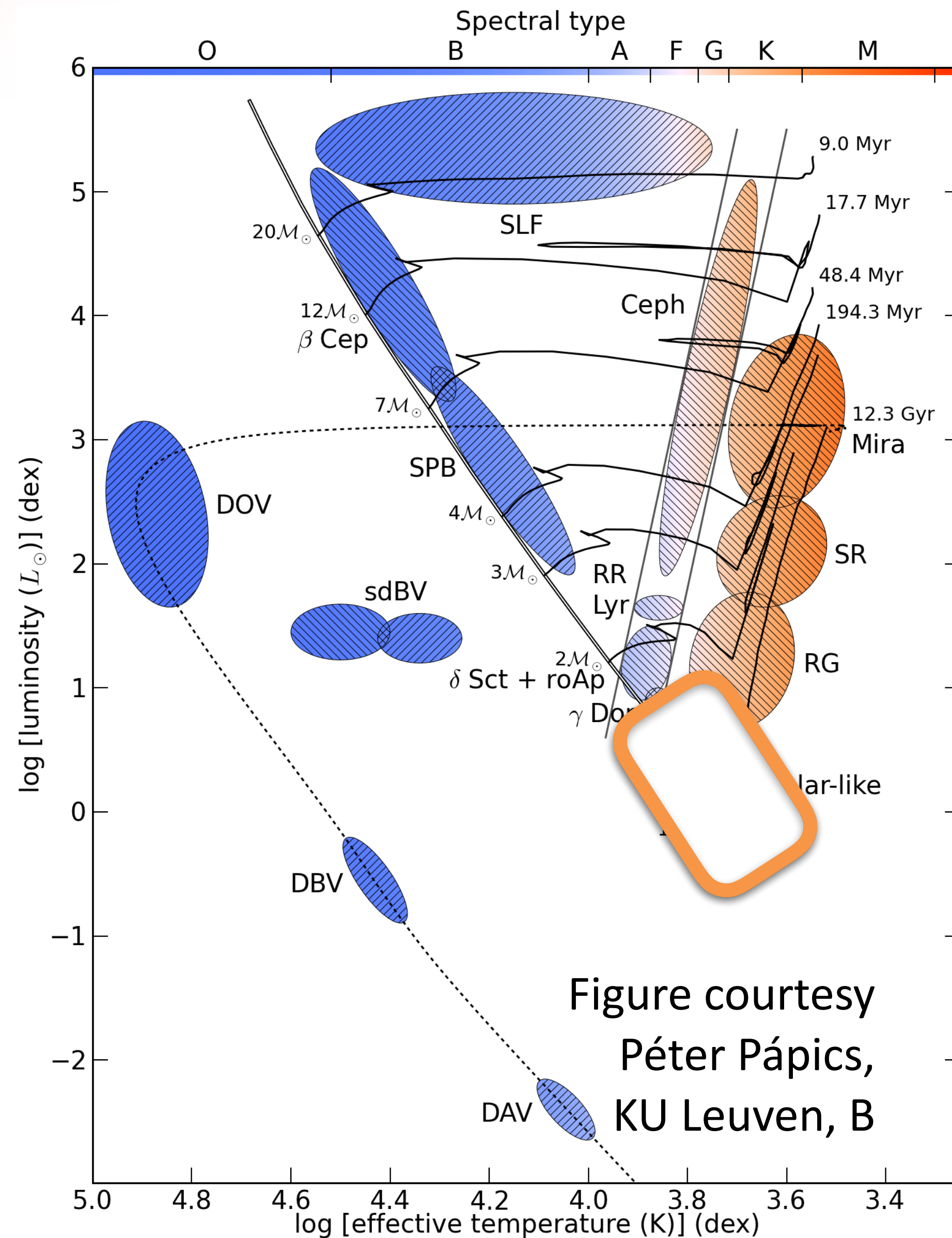
8% of the overall data rate



PLATO Core Science



Core Science:
 asteroseismology of exoplanet
 hosts, i.e. F5-K7 stars
 @ 2% Radius, 10% Age for
 10000s of dwarfs & subgiants
 (talk Kévin Belkacem)



Complementary Stellar Science: all the rest, aside from F5-K7 stars

- + GO (8%) allows asteroseismology
- + magnetism/activity/flares
- + binarity/tides + rotation
- + distance scales + clusters
- + galactic archaeology
- + transients (GRB, SN, GW, AGN, ...)

**Locally funded;
cannot drive mission
design/operations**

website: <https://fys.kuleuven.be/ster/research-projects/plato-cs/home>

PLATO Complementary Science

Objectives

- Scientific programmes distinct from the Core Science
- Unique database of variable phenomena

How

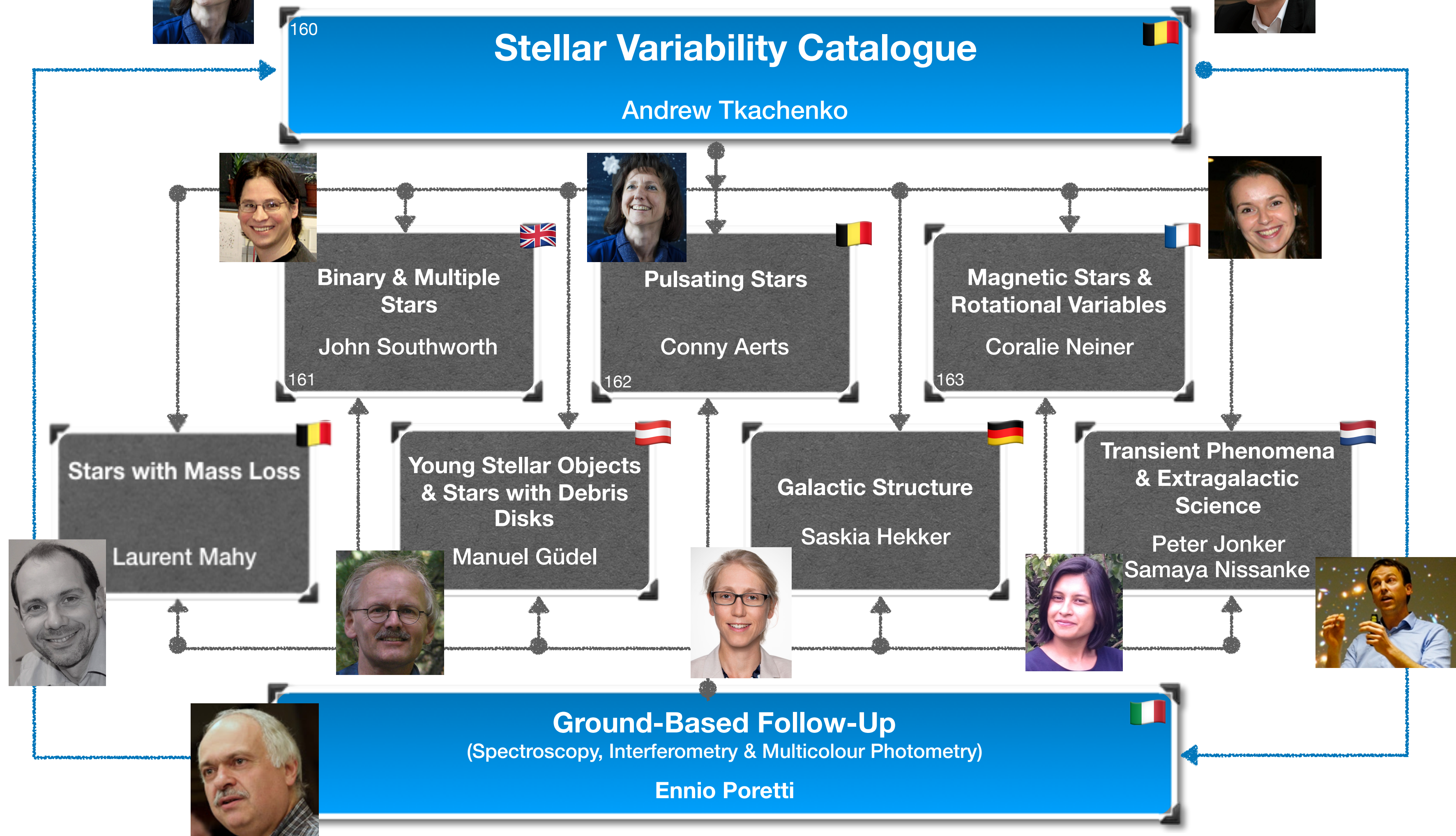
- **Guest Observer (GO) programme** (call and selection by ESA)
- GO is assigned 8% of the science data

Task

Make sure community is ready for optimal GO proposal submission

Coordinator
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Manager and Spokesperson
Andrew Tkachenko
(Andrew.Tkachenko@kuleuven.be)





PLATO-CS: topics from you!

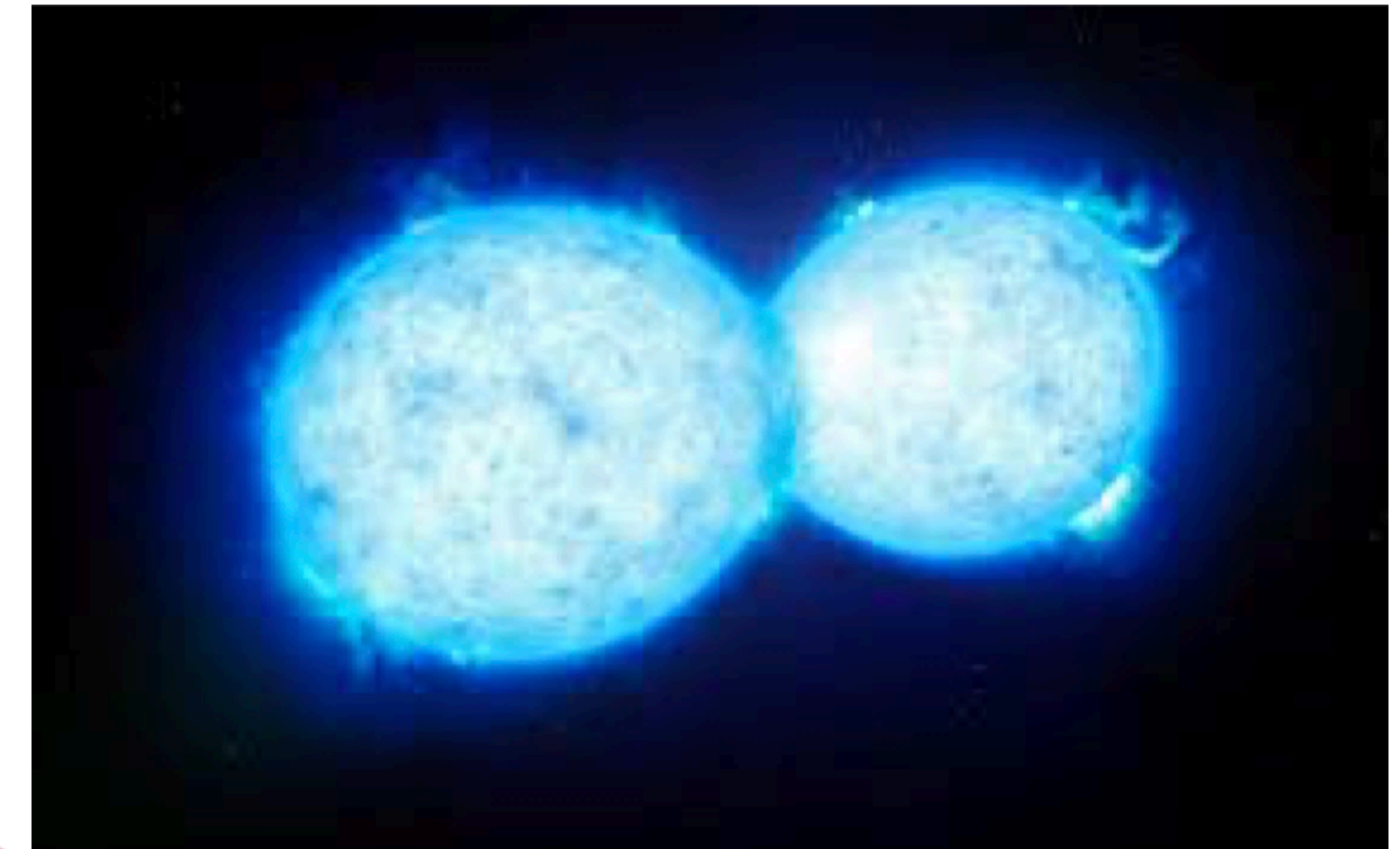
Extragalactic science



Clusters, associations, star forming regions



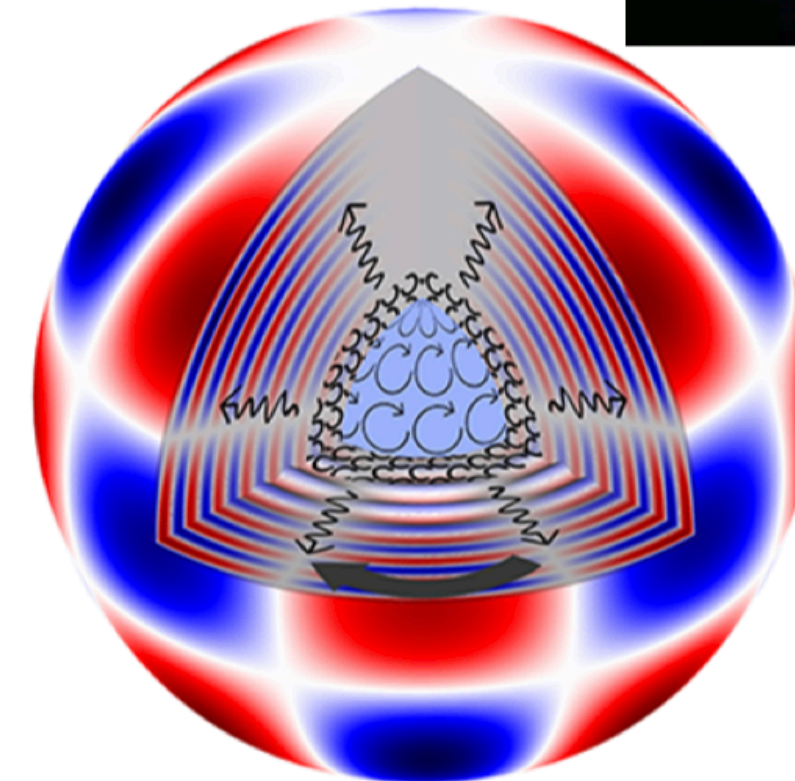
Binary and multiple stars systems



Stars with mass loss and winds

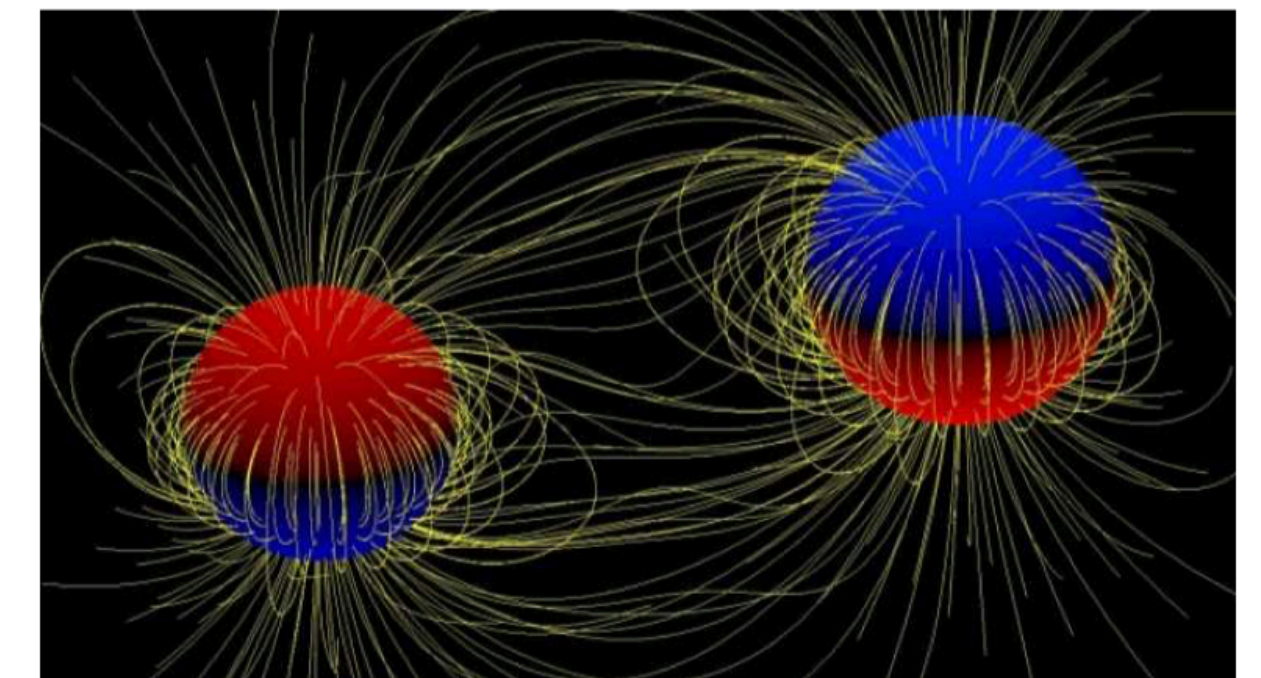


Milky Way, Galactic archaeology



Pulsating stars

Stellar magnetism

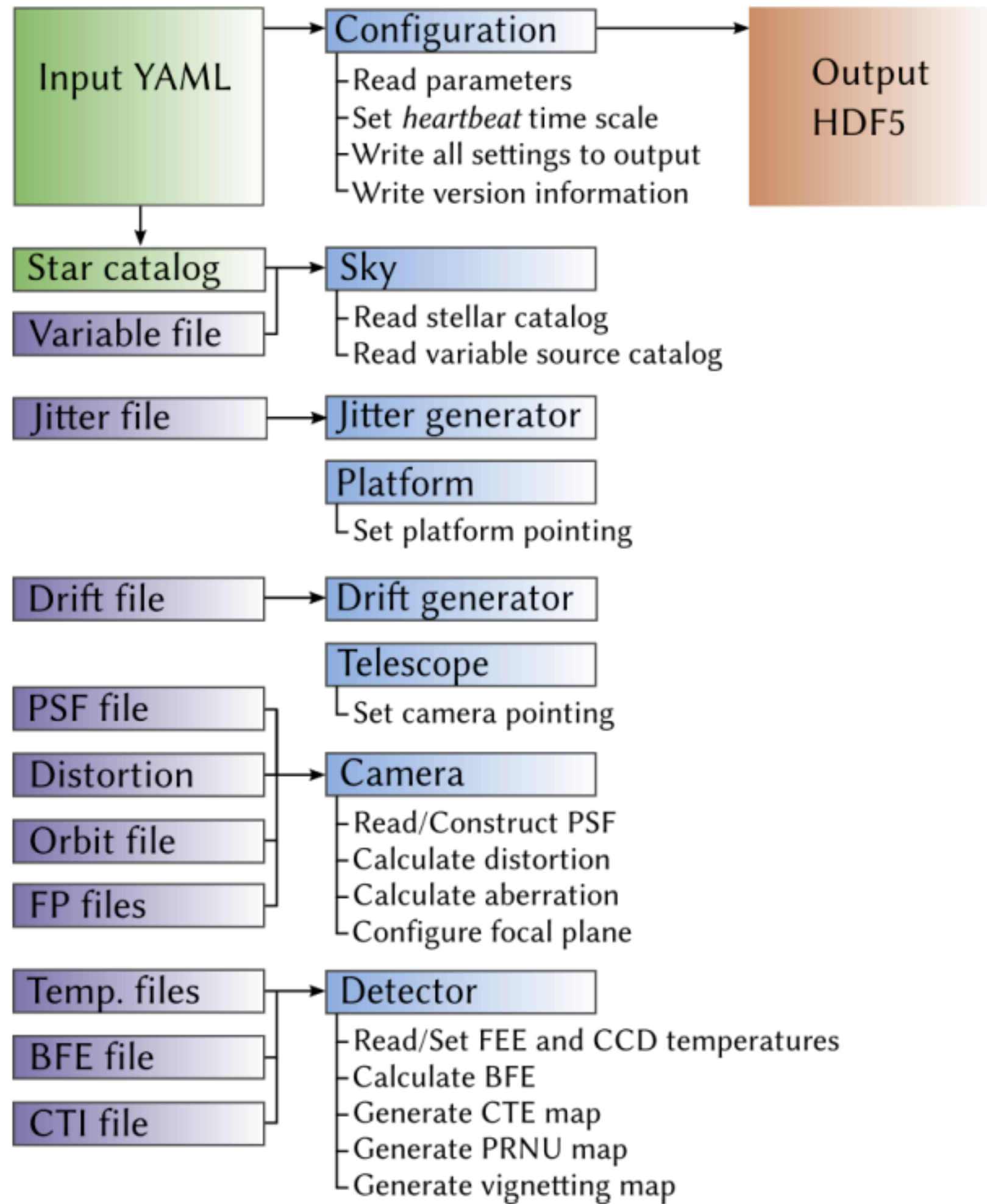


Data Rate for GO: 8% open time

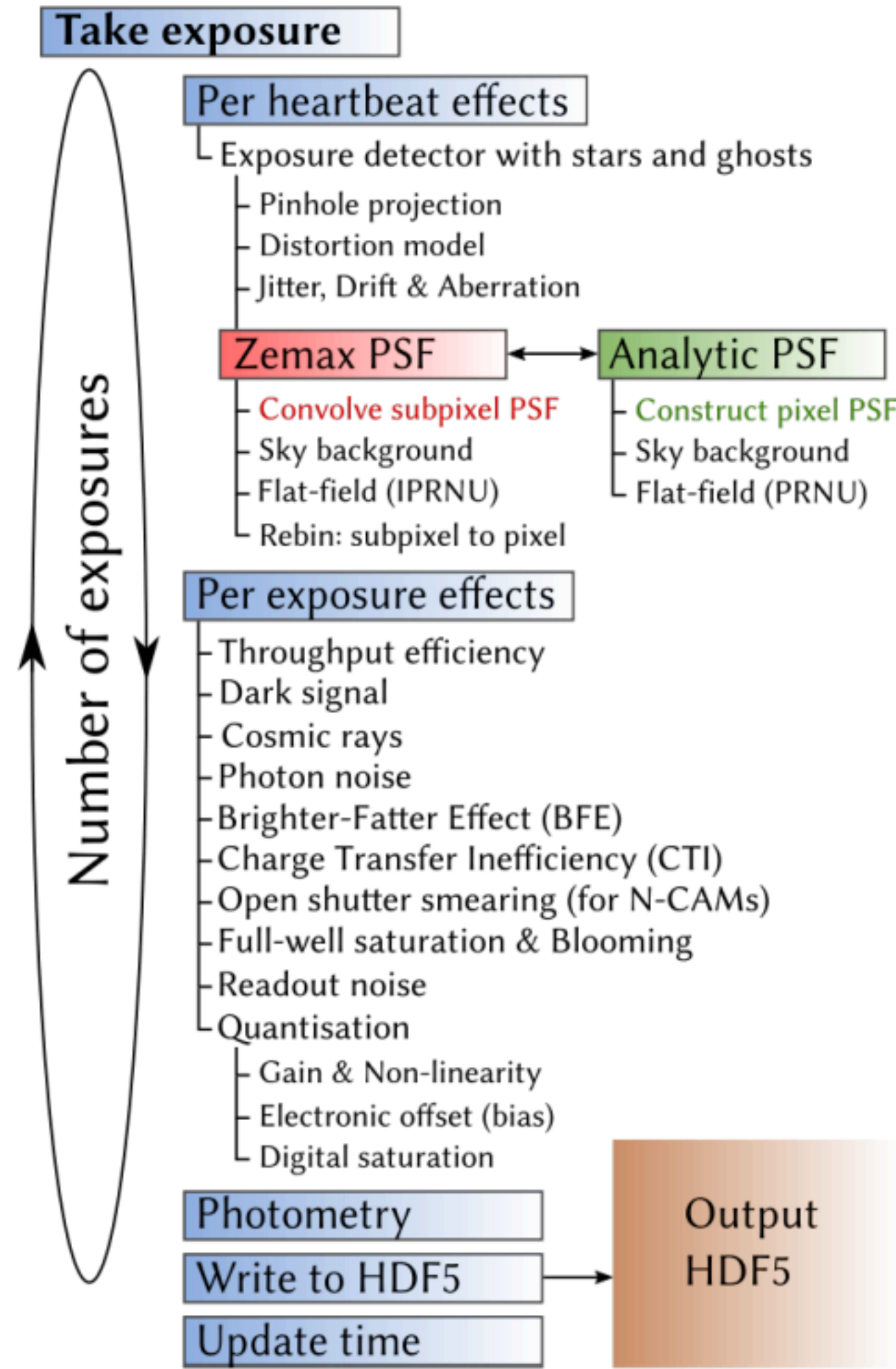
1. Any **feasible** science case = welcome for GO
2. PLATO offers best of *Kepler* & TESS merged **+ more**:
long pointings (2+ yr) for high frequency precision,
large FoV (e.g., incl. Magellanic Clouds in LOPS)
3. 2 colours with cadence 2.5s, imagettes (masks)@25s,
onboard LC@10m all available if argued
4. ESA Call: 9 months prior to launch (**spring 2026, tbc**)

Helpful tool: PLATOSim

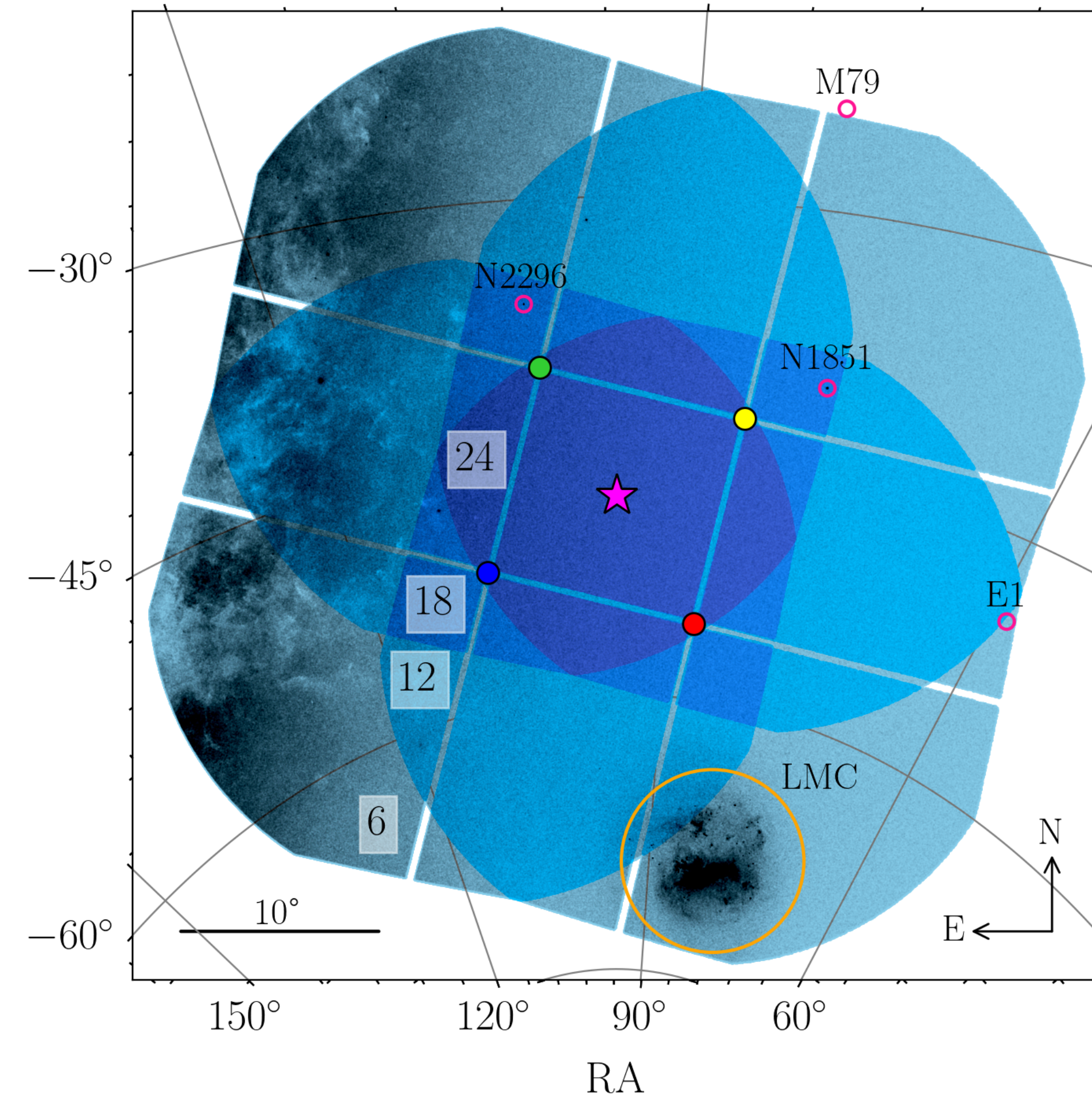
a) Initialise simulator



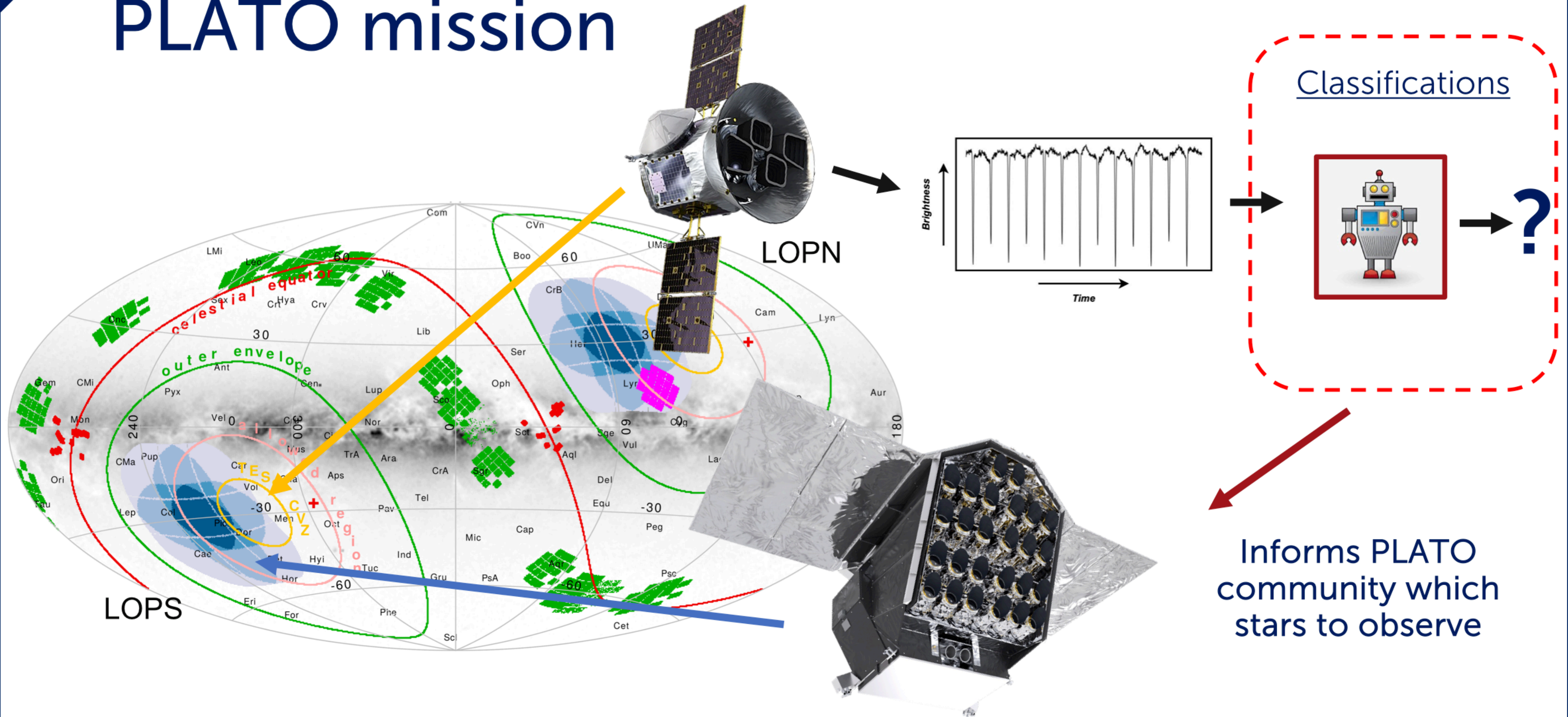
b) Computation steps



PlatoSim (Jannsen et al. 2024)



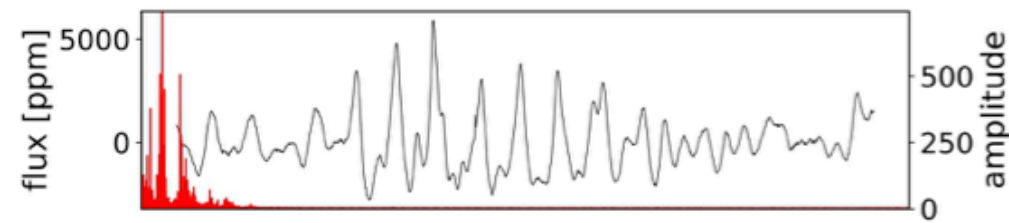
TESS classifications to inform ESA PLATO mission



Slide courtesy: Jeroen Audenaert

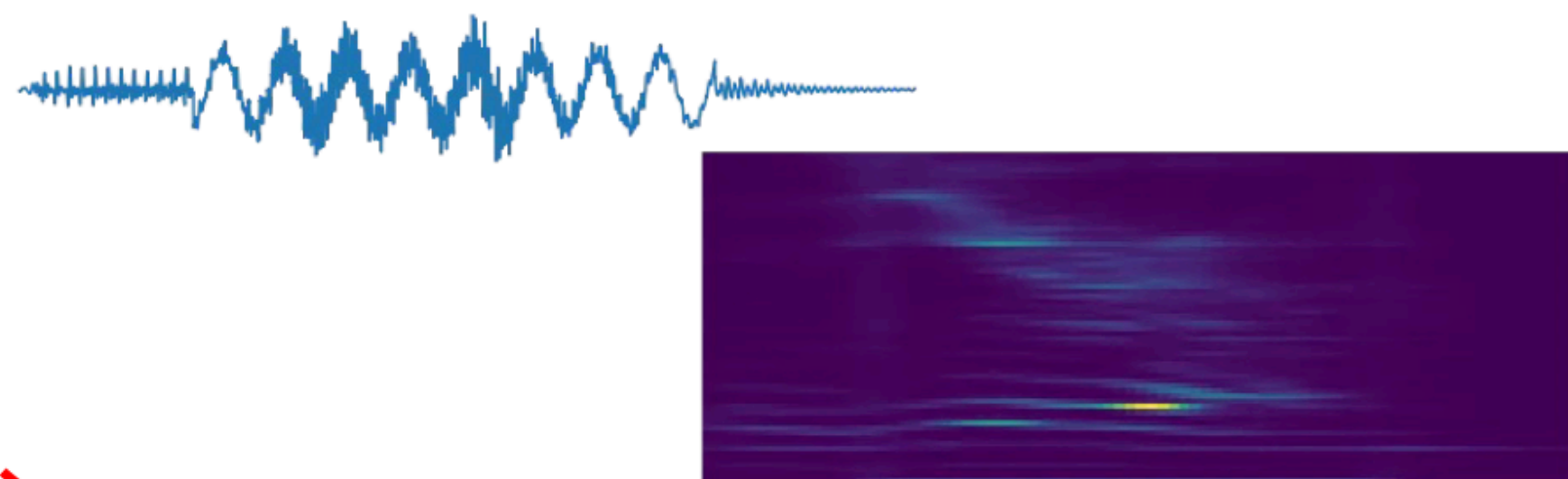
Machine Learning Architecture

1. Light Curve

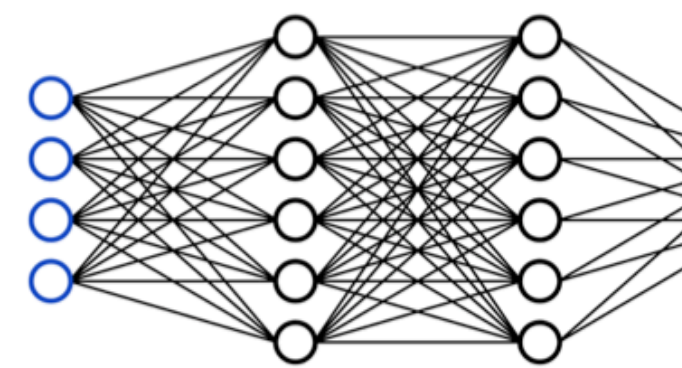


2. Creating a representation of the light curve (latent space)

Wavelet Scattering Transform



3. Output layer



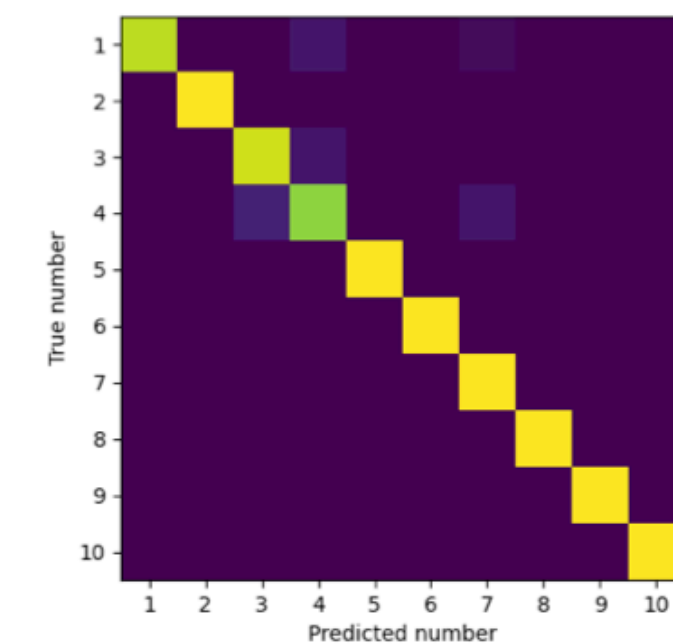
Training a fully connected neural network to map latent space to the variability classes

4. Predictions

Predicting the class for each light curve

Probabilistic classifications

- 80% γ Dor
- 4% δ Sct
- 3% hybrid (γ Dor/ δ Sct)
- 10% rotational variables
- 3% other

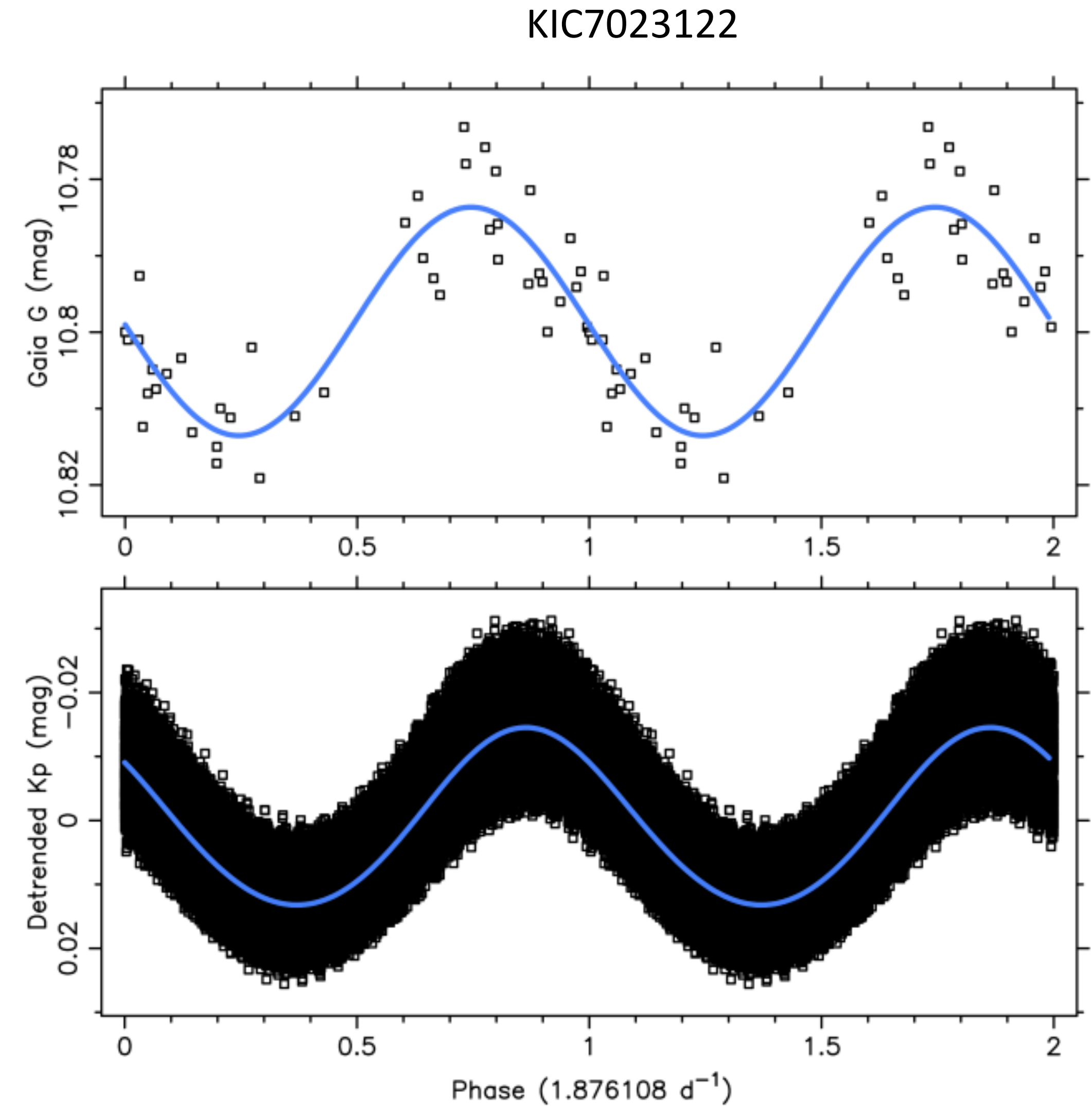
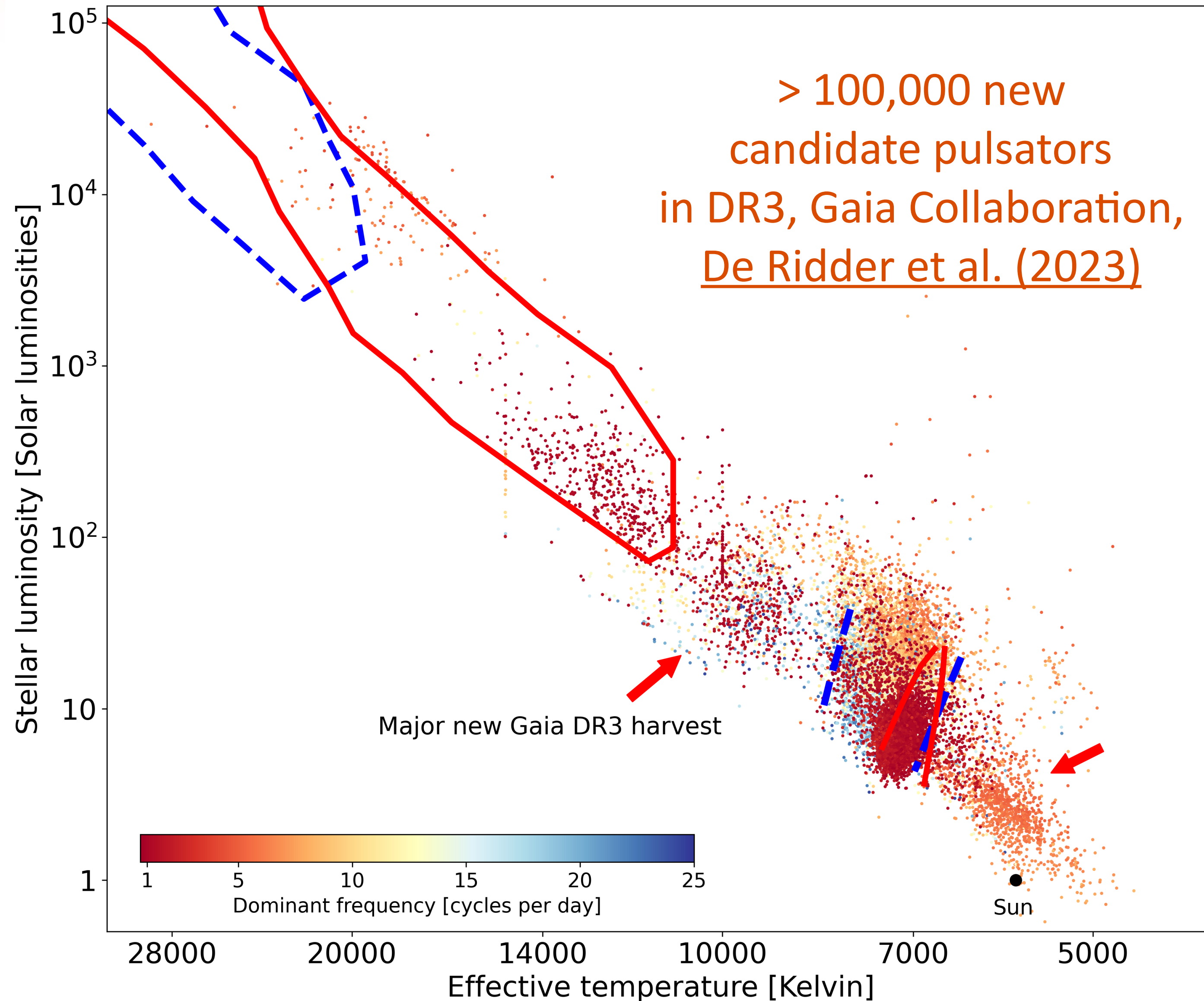


Rauer et al. (2024) for the latest mission information

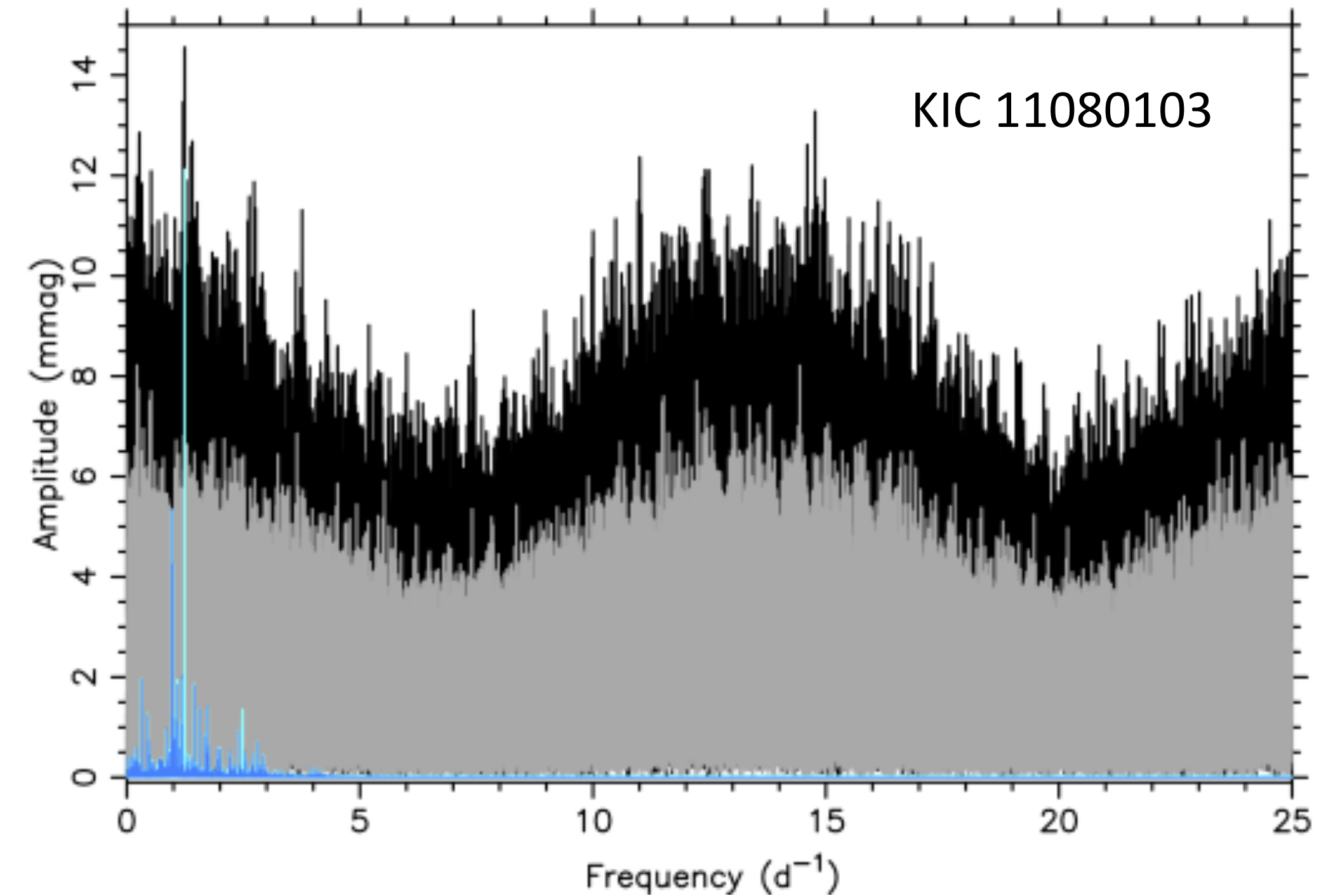
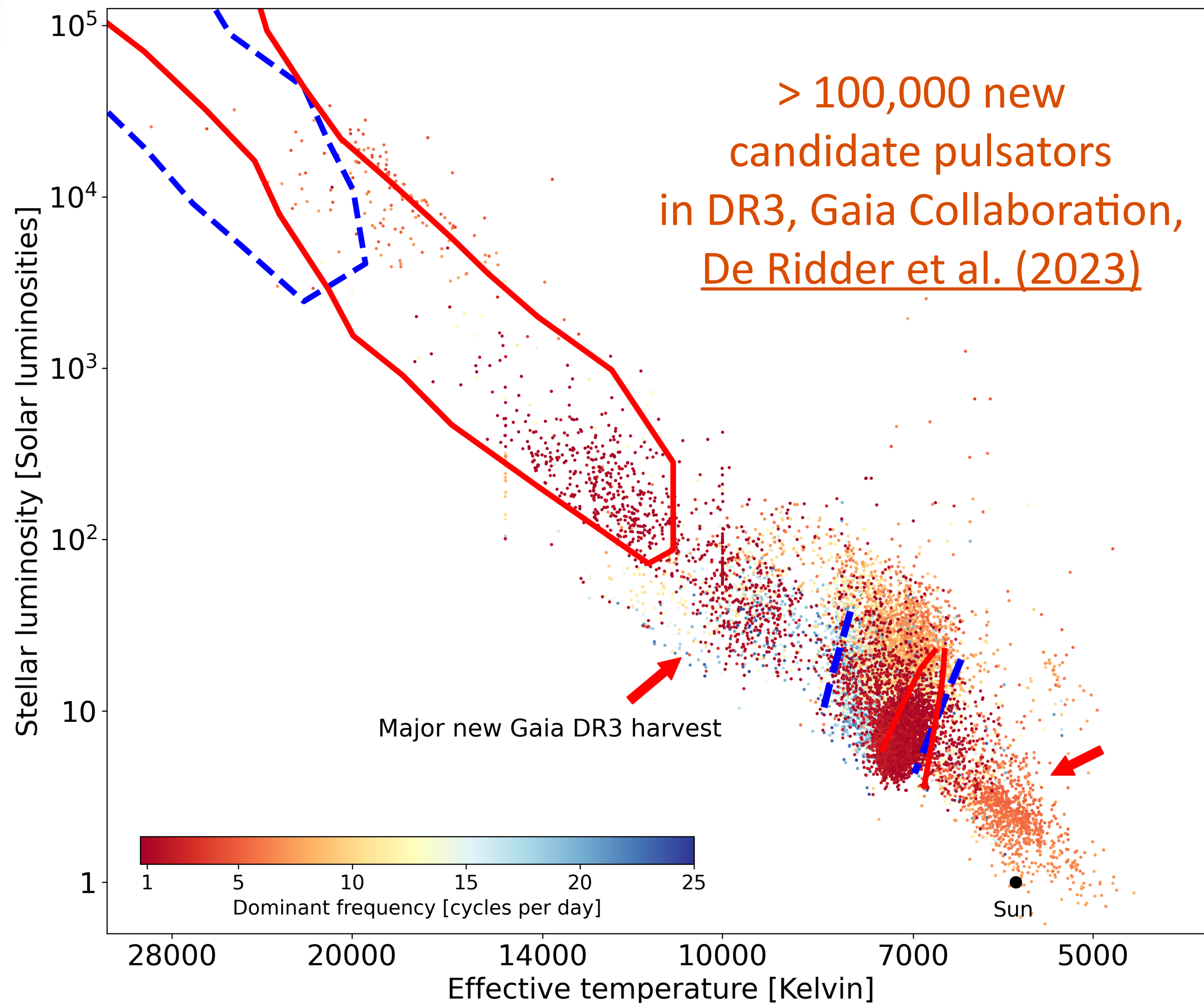
PLATO-CS: TESS example studies

**(g-mode pulsators in PLATO FoV: talk by Nicholas Jannsen)
(young open cluster asteroseismology: P23 by Dario Fritzewski)**

Confronting Gaia DR3 & Kp LCs



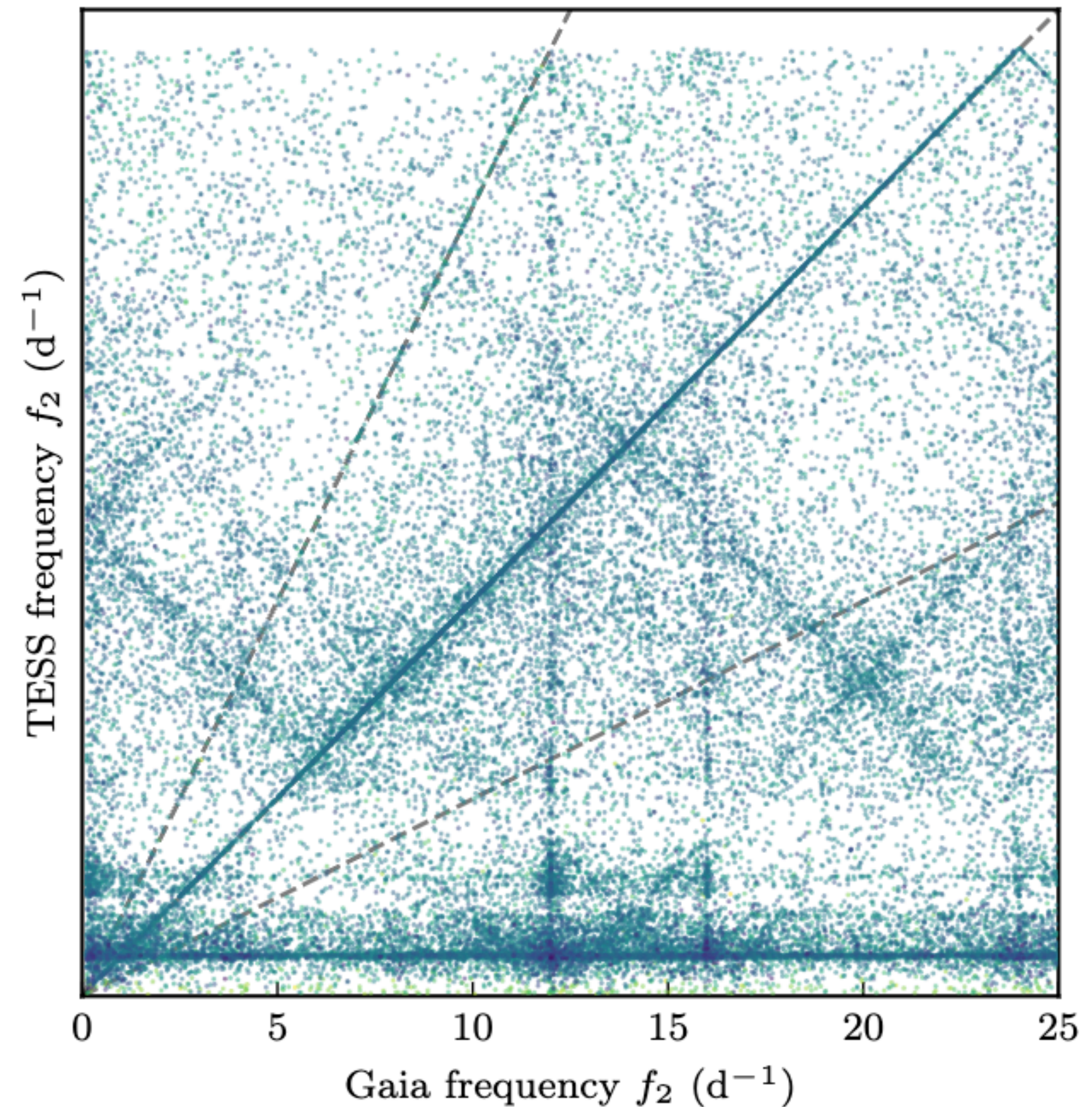
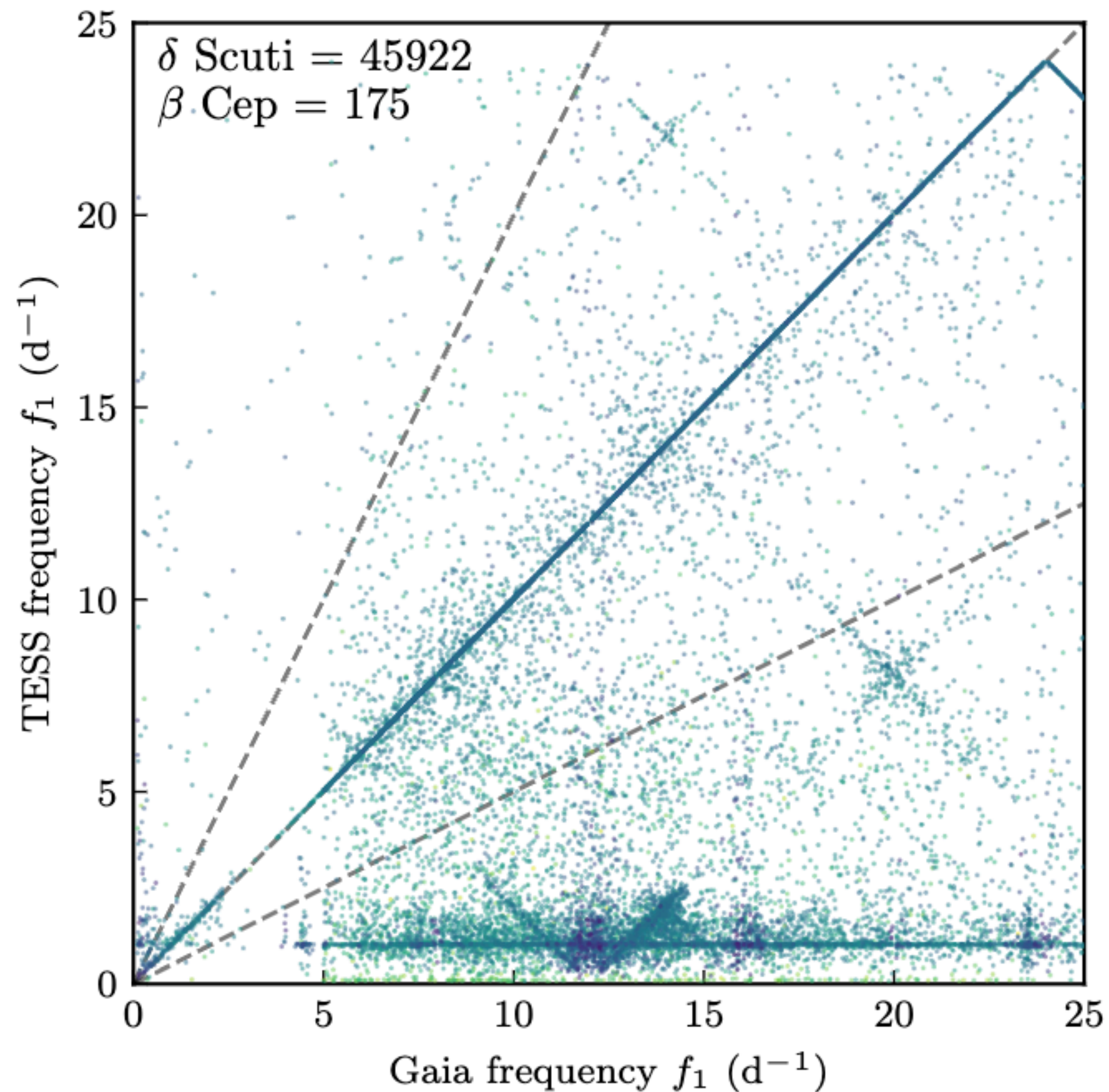
Confronting Gaia DR3 & Kp LCs



Onwards to seismic population studies of OBAF-type stars across the Milky Way

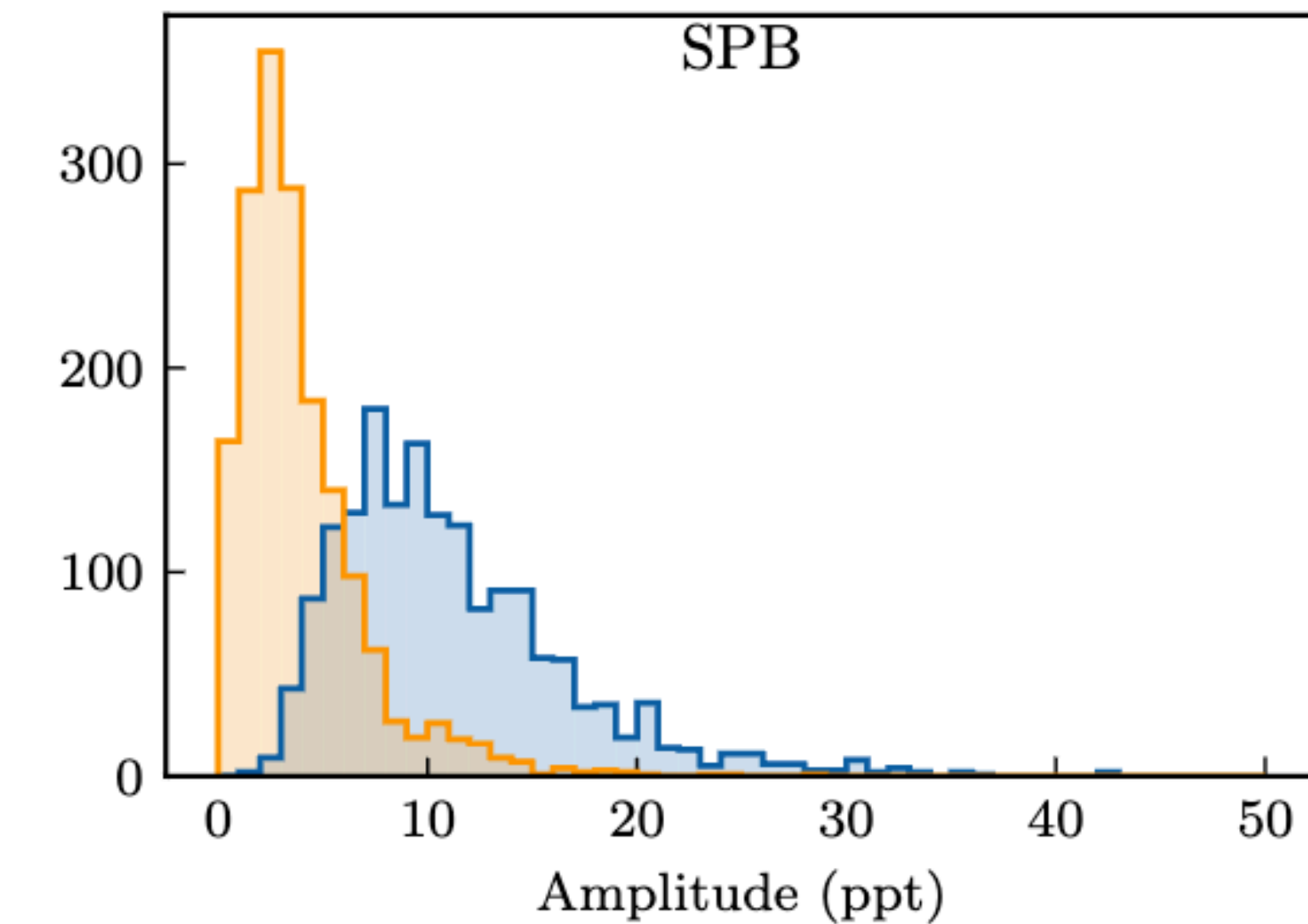
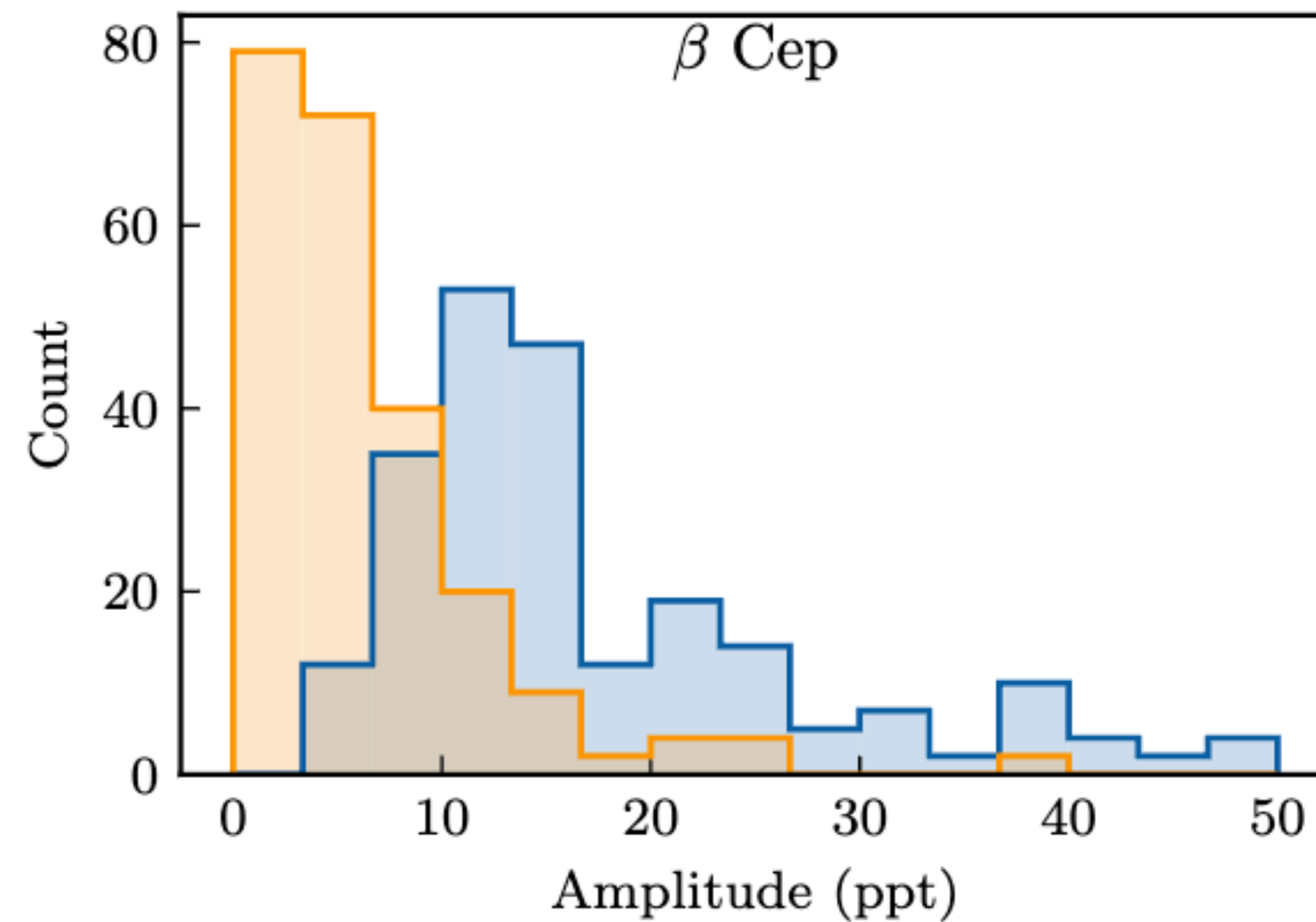
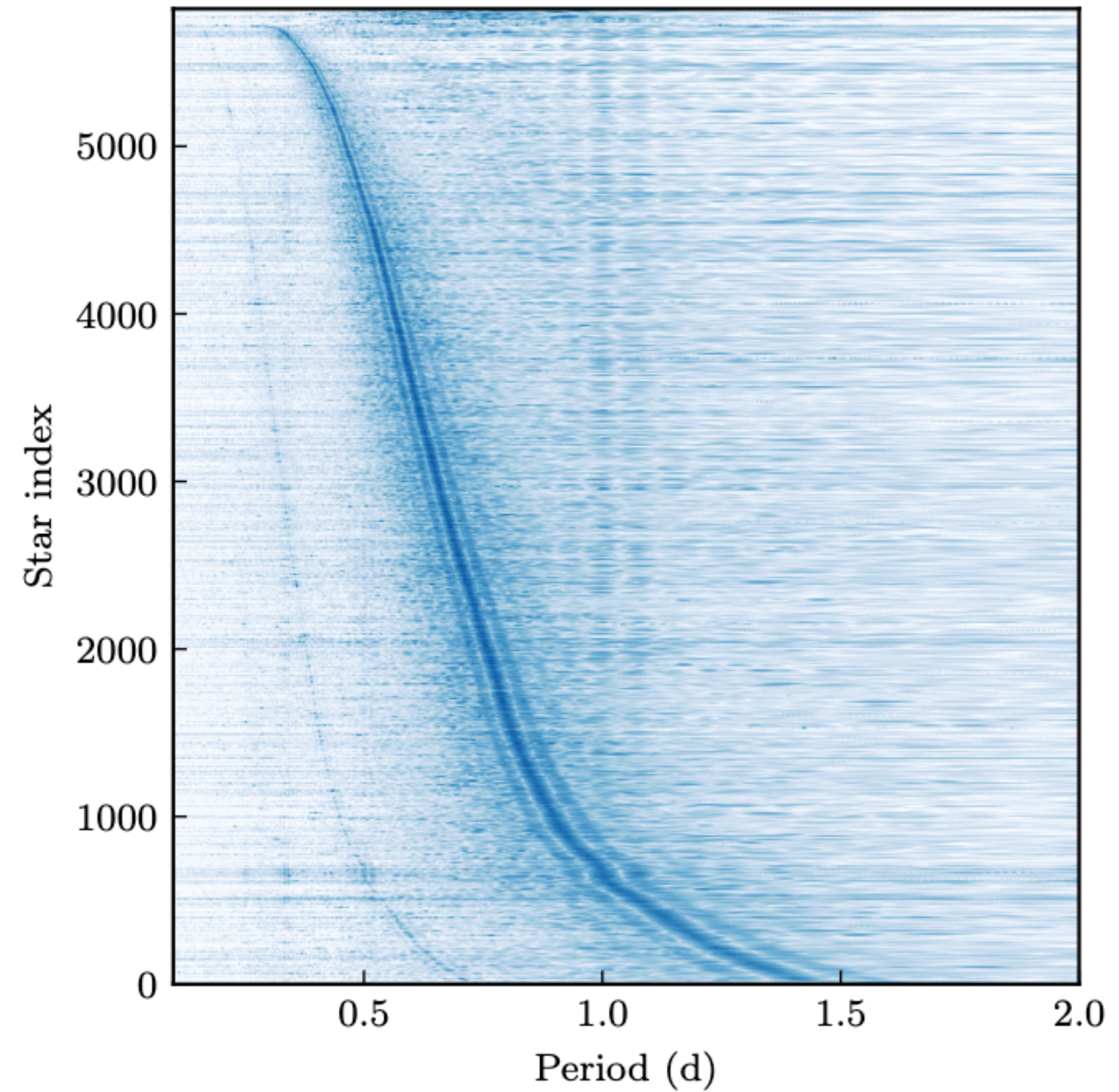
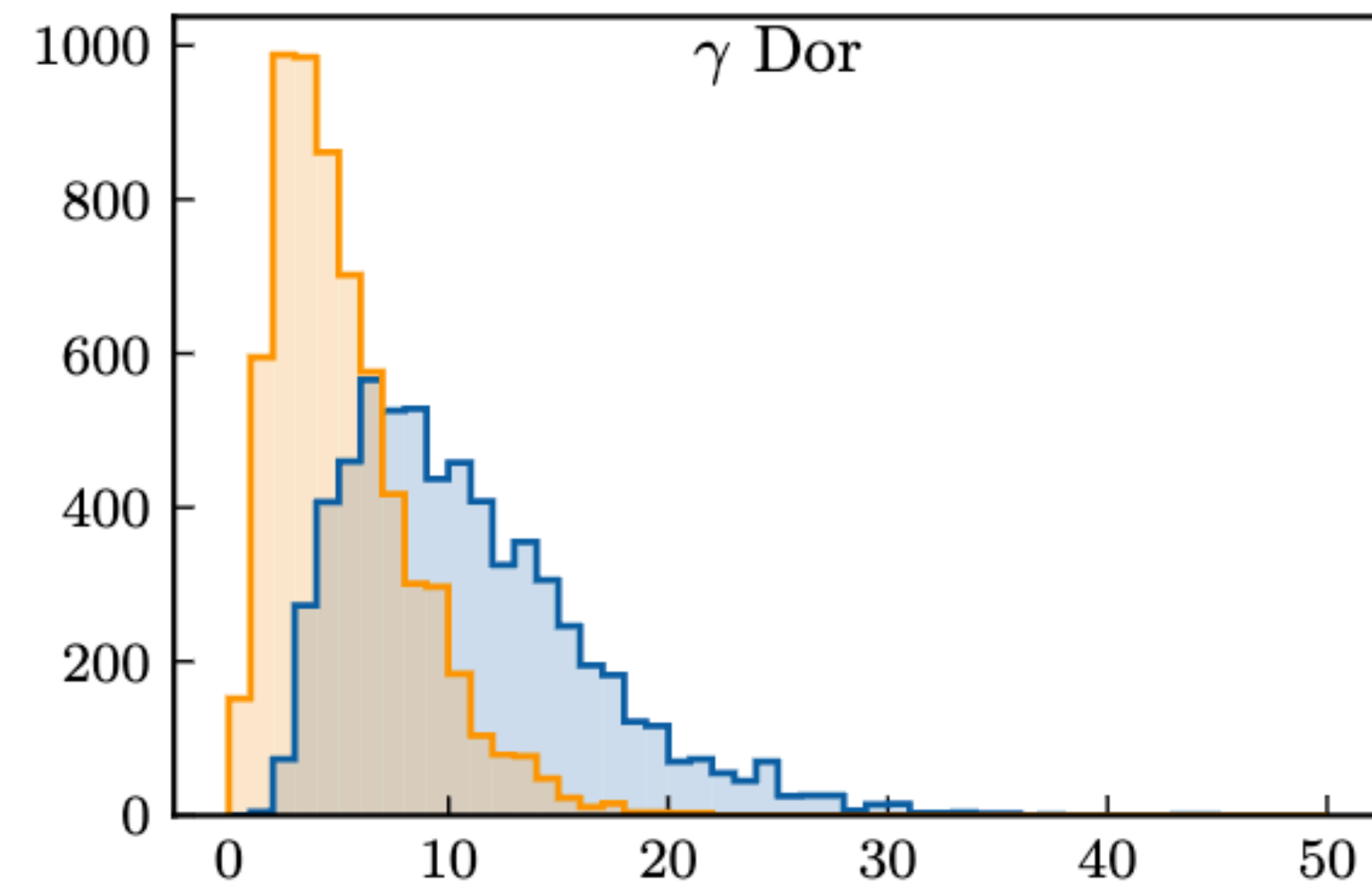
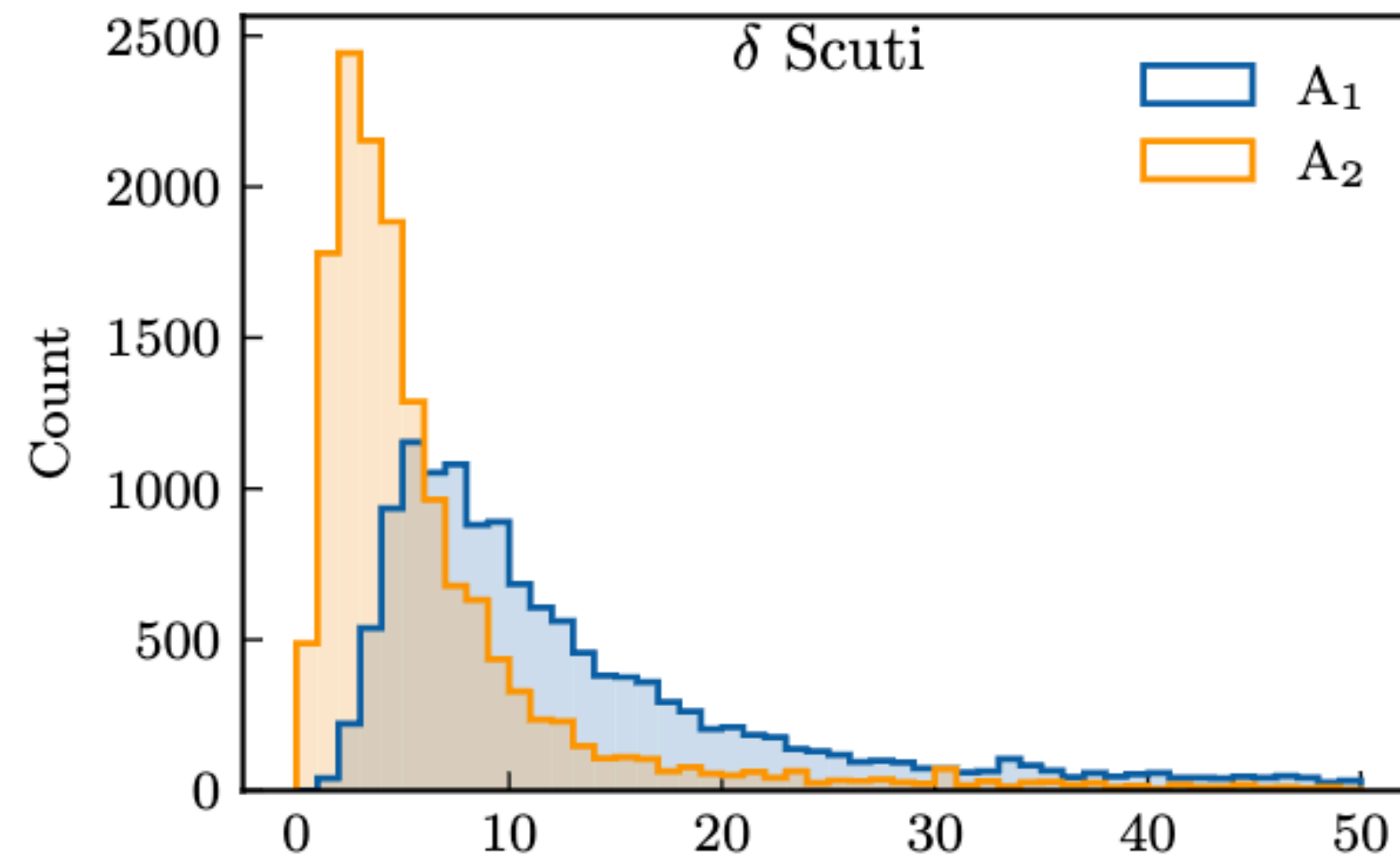
Confronting Gaia DR3 & TESS LCs

60,000 confirmed Gaia DR3 BAF-type pulsators ([Hey & Aerts 2024](#))



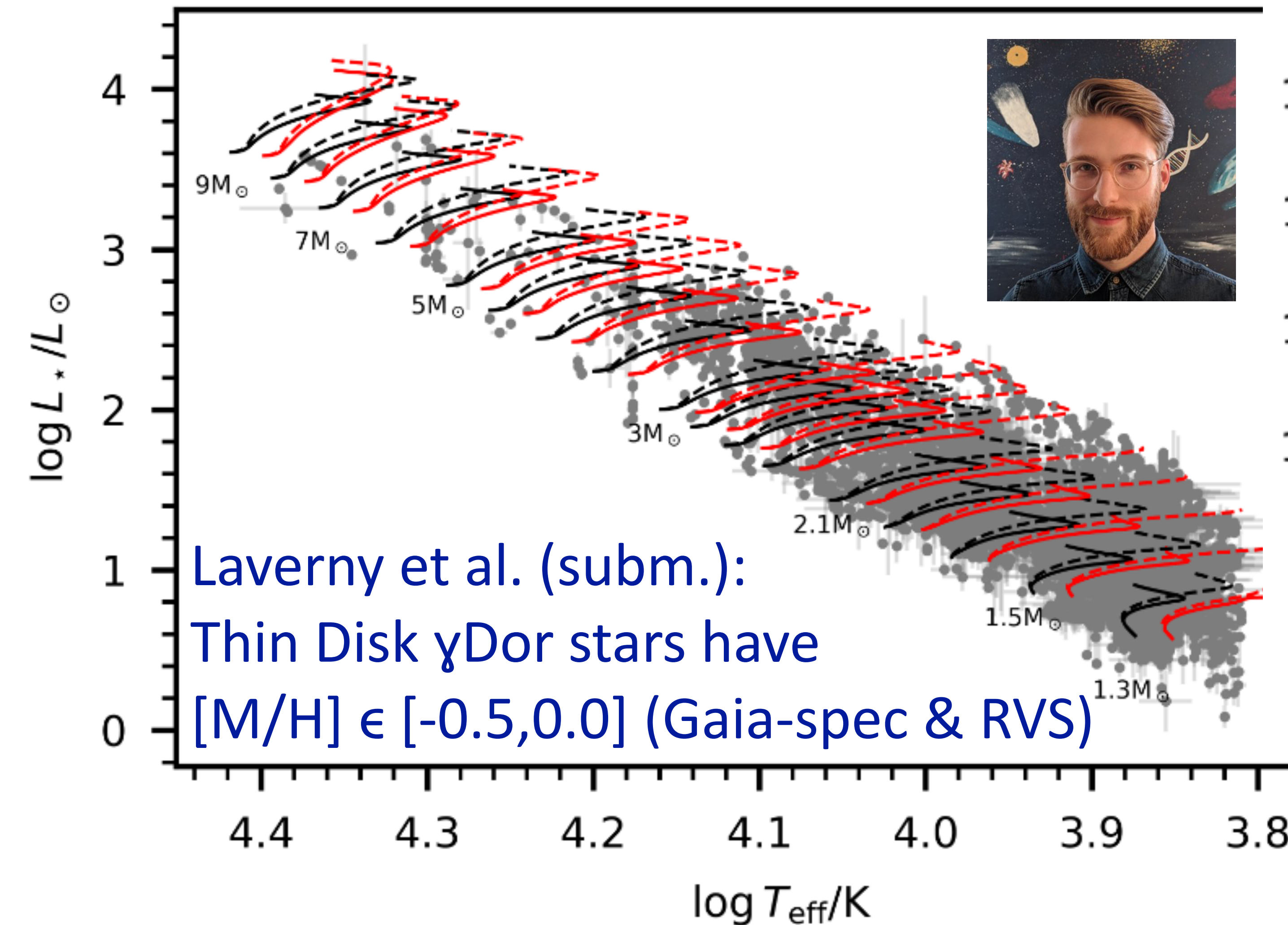
Population amplitude distributions

60,000 confirmed Gaia DR3 BAF-type pulsators ([Hey & Aerts 2024](#))

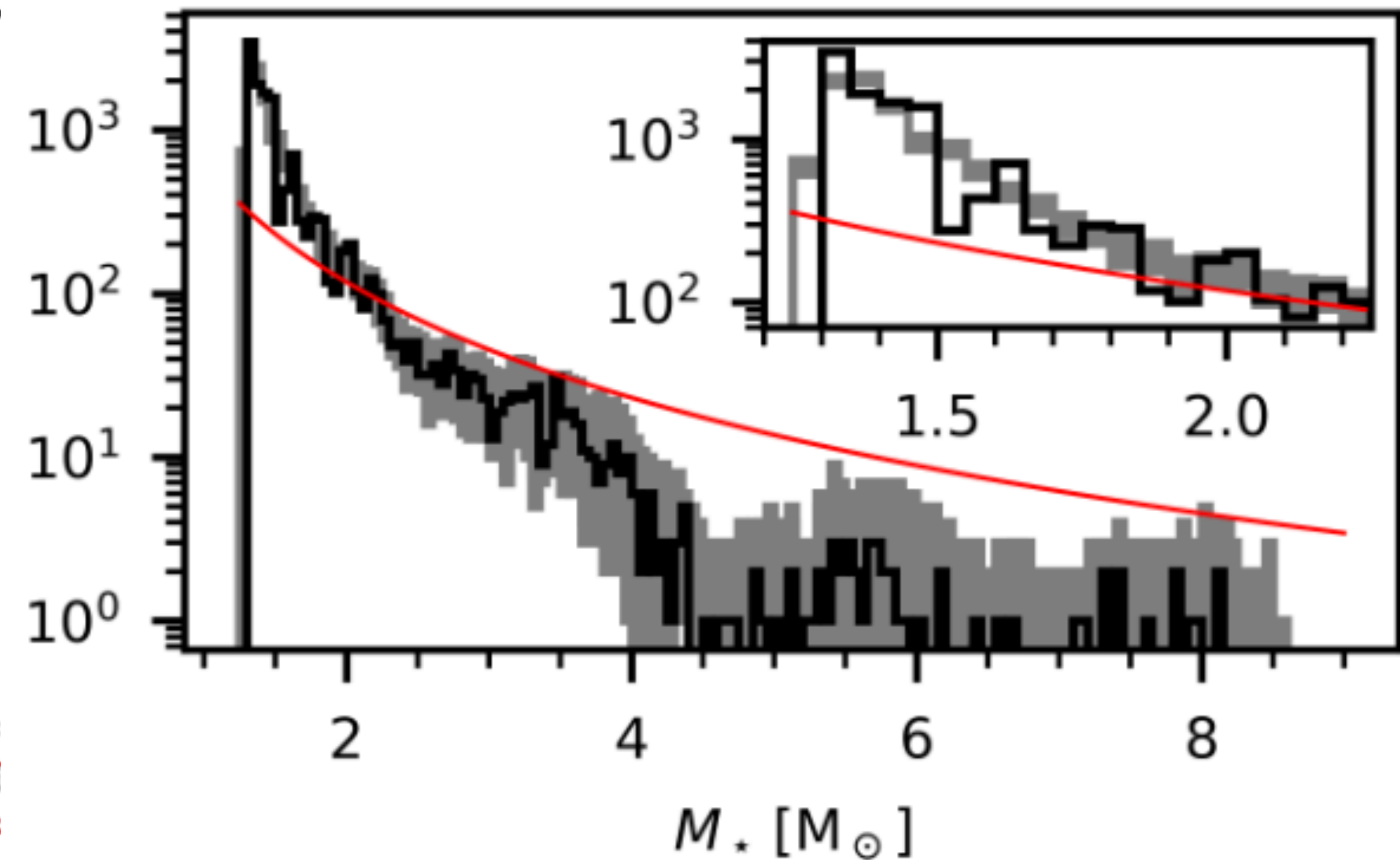


Identification dominant mode

10,801 re-classified g-mode pulsators (Mombarg et al., submitted)



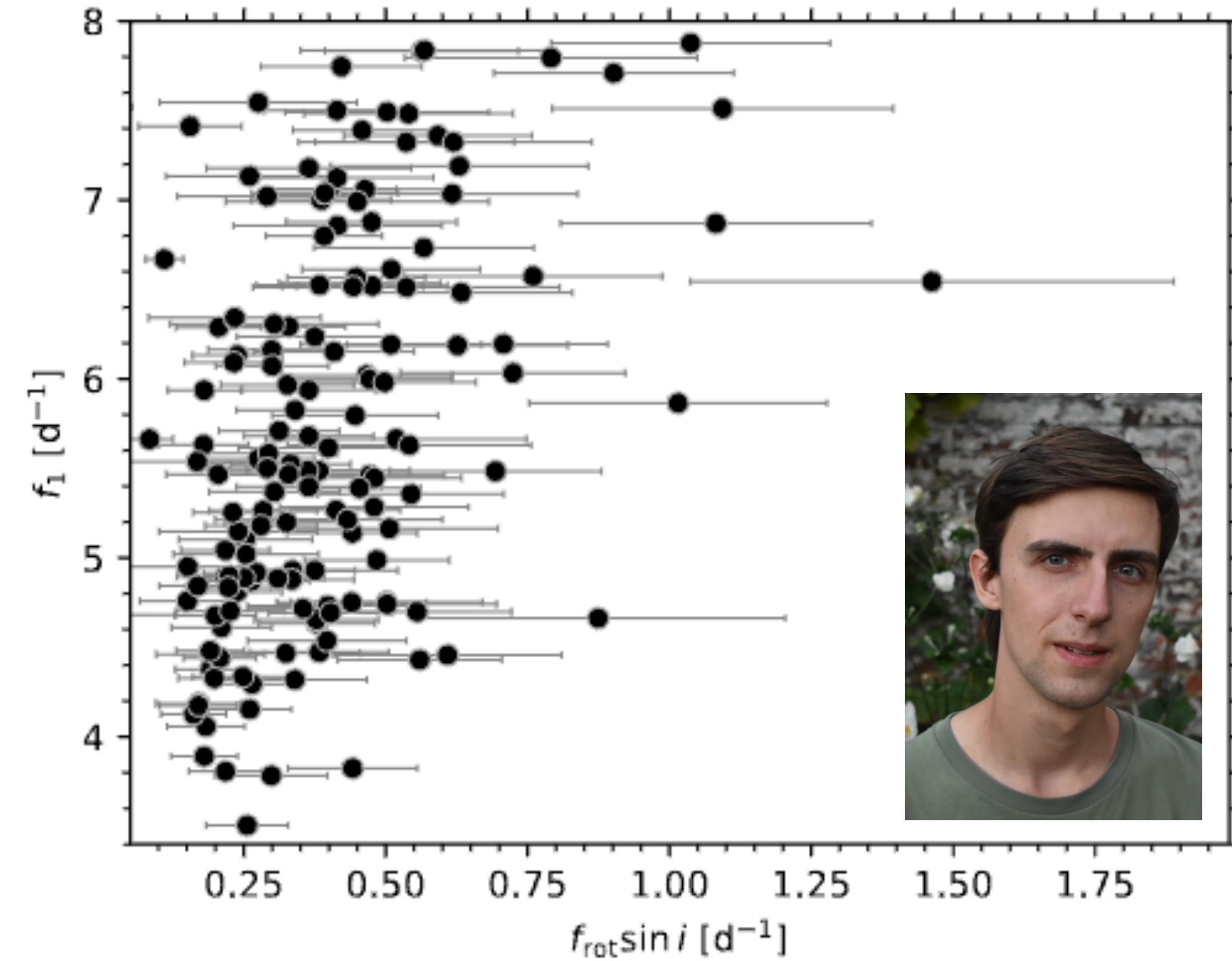
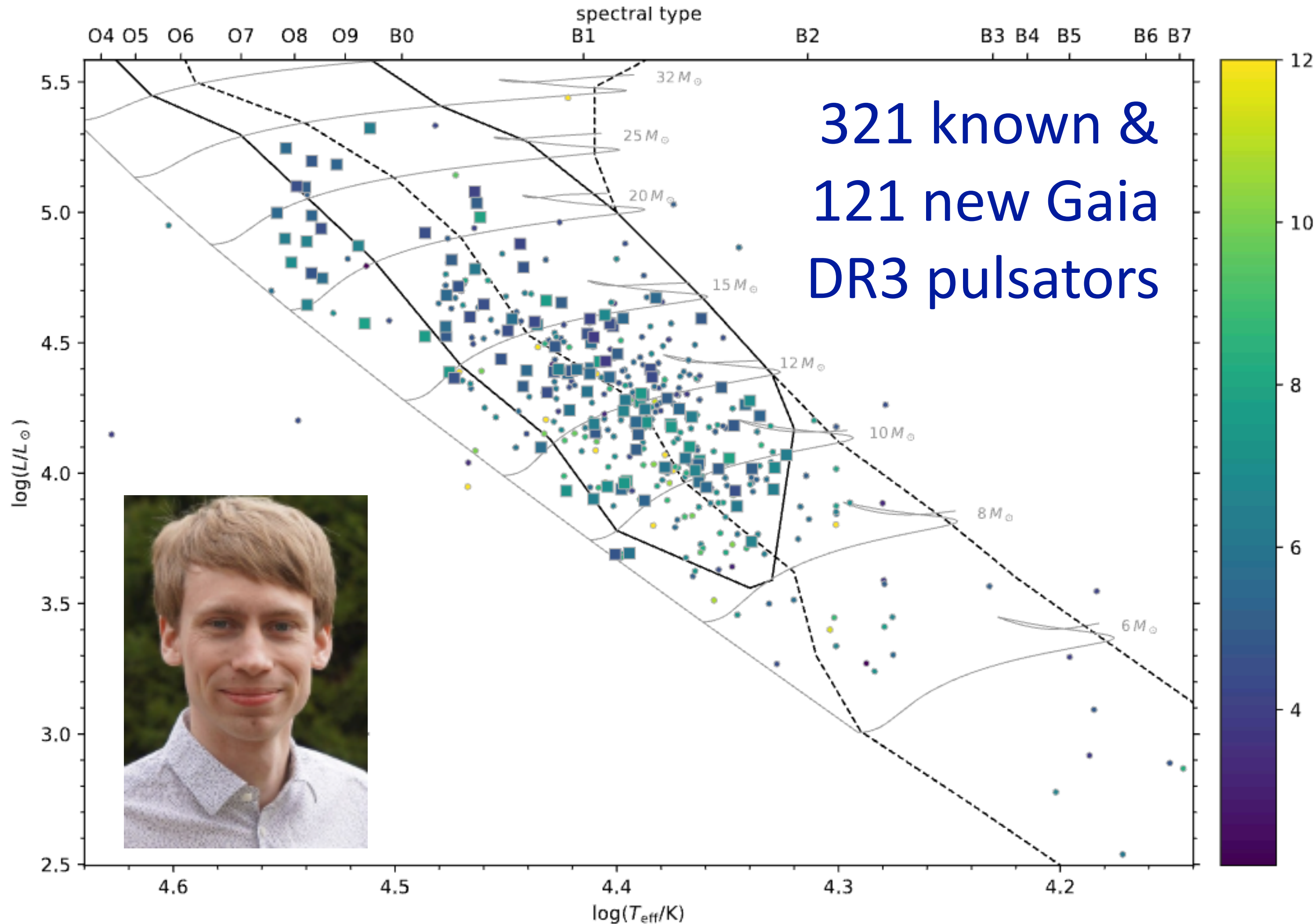
Laverny et al. (subm.):
Thin Disk γ Dor stars have
 $[M/H] \in [-0.5, 0.0]$ (Gaia-spec & RVS)



(core) masses, radii, ages
from “Kepler-informed”
seismic models

Population of Gaia/TESS β Cep stars

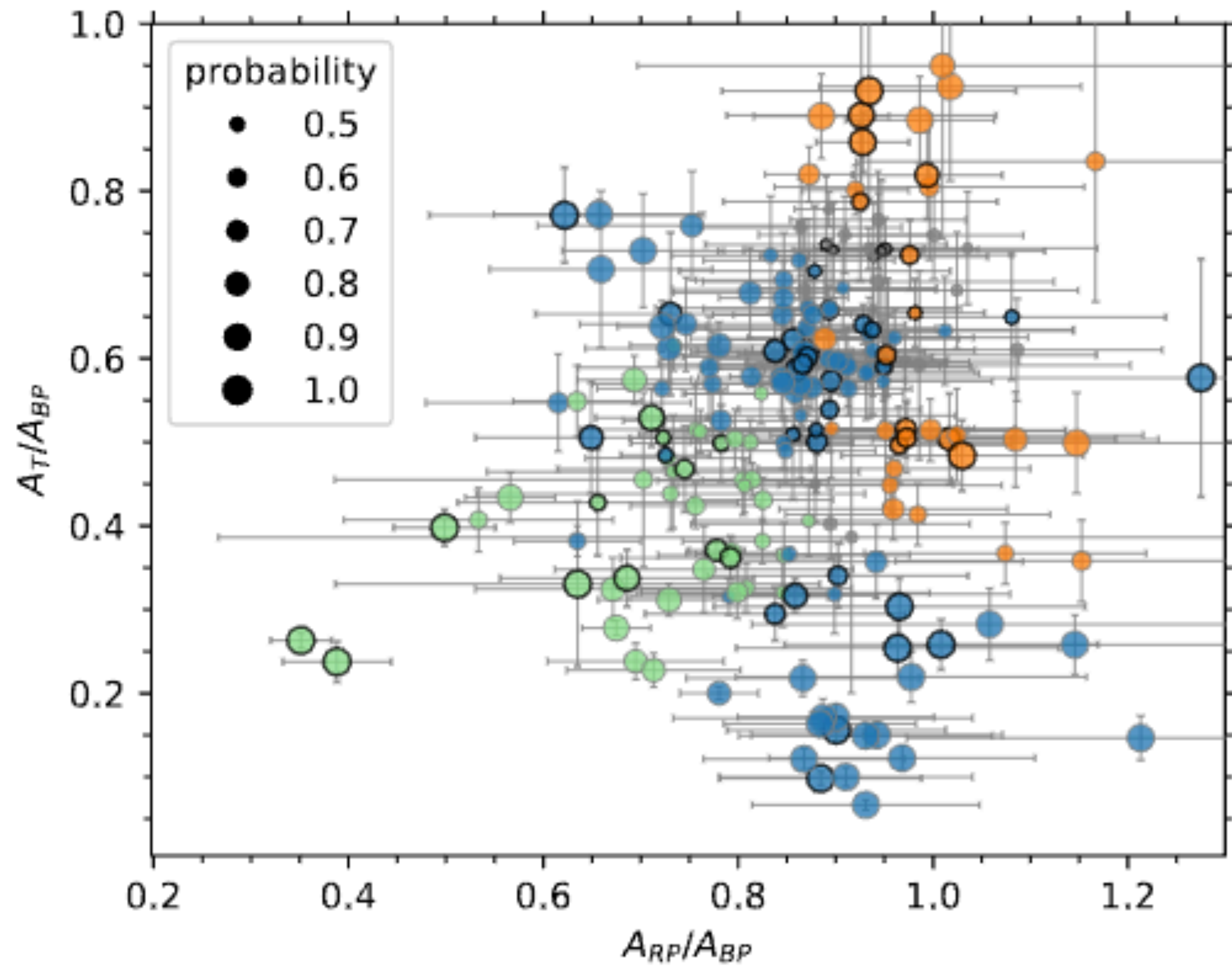
215 Gaia-discovered/TESS confirmed β Cep stars ([Fritzewski et al. 2024](#))



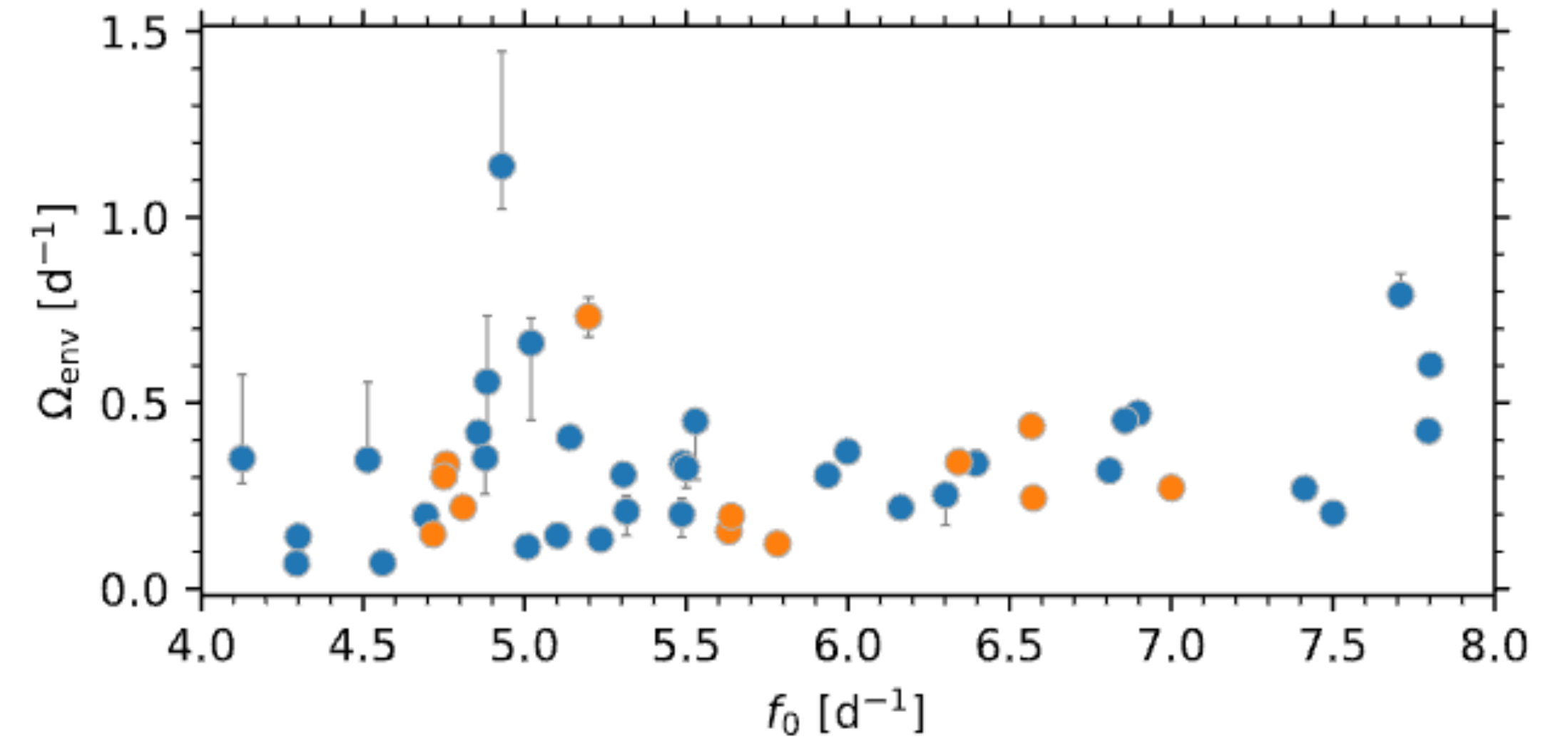
167/215 stars have DR3 vbroad

Gaia DR3 mode id. for β Cep stars

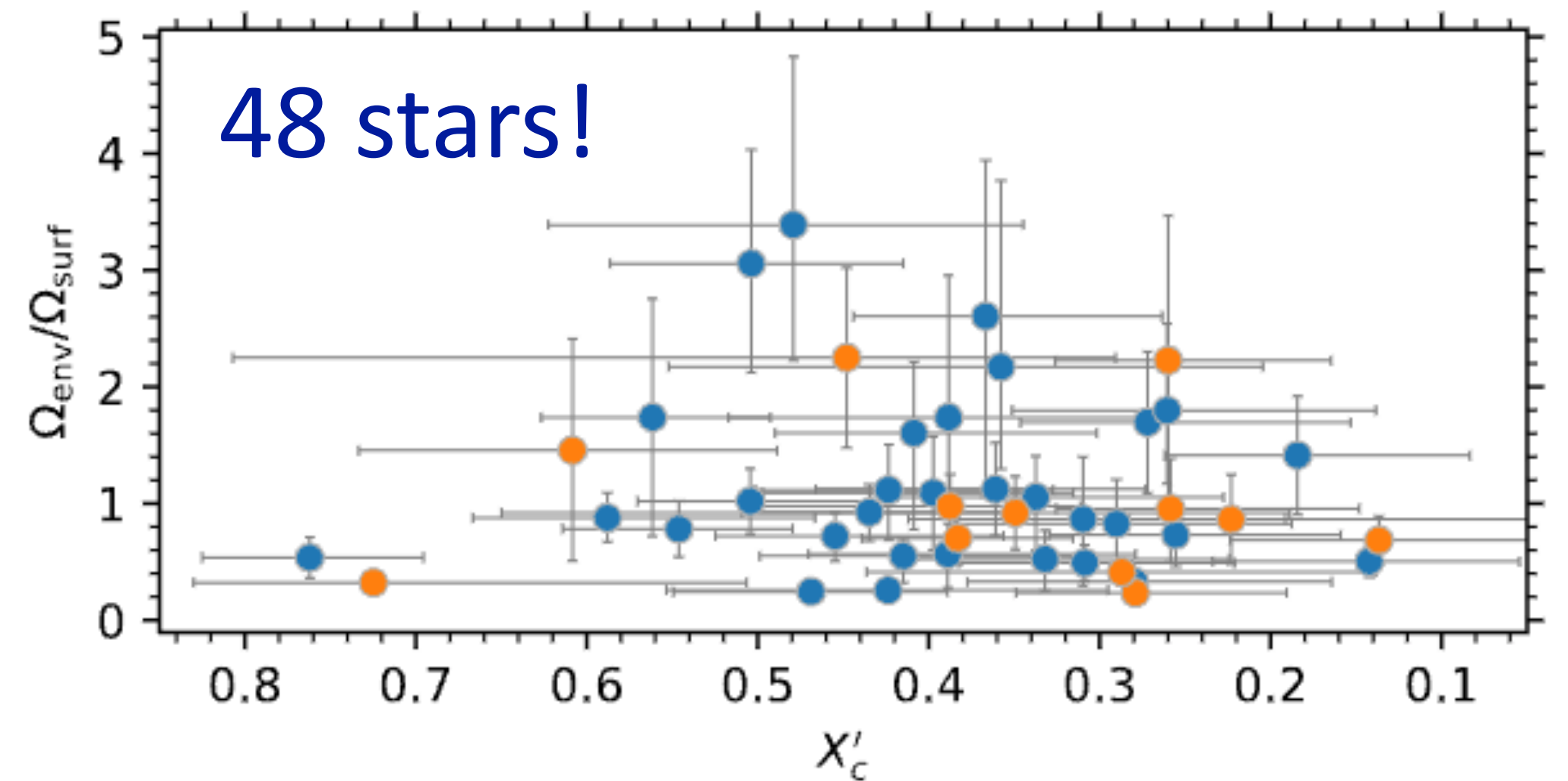
Gaia/TESS population study of β Cep stars (Fritzewski et al. 2024)



205 stars with MI from Gaia DR3 amplitude ratios

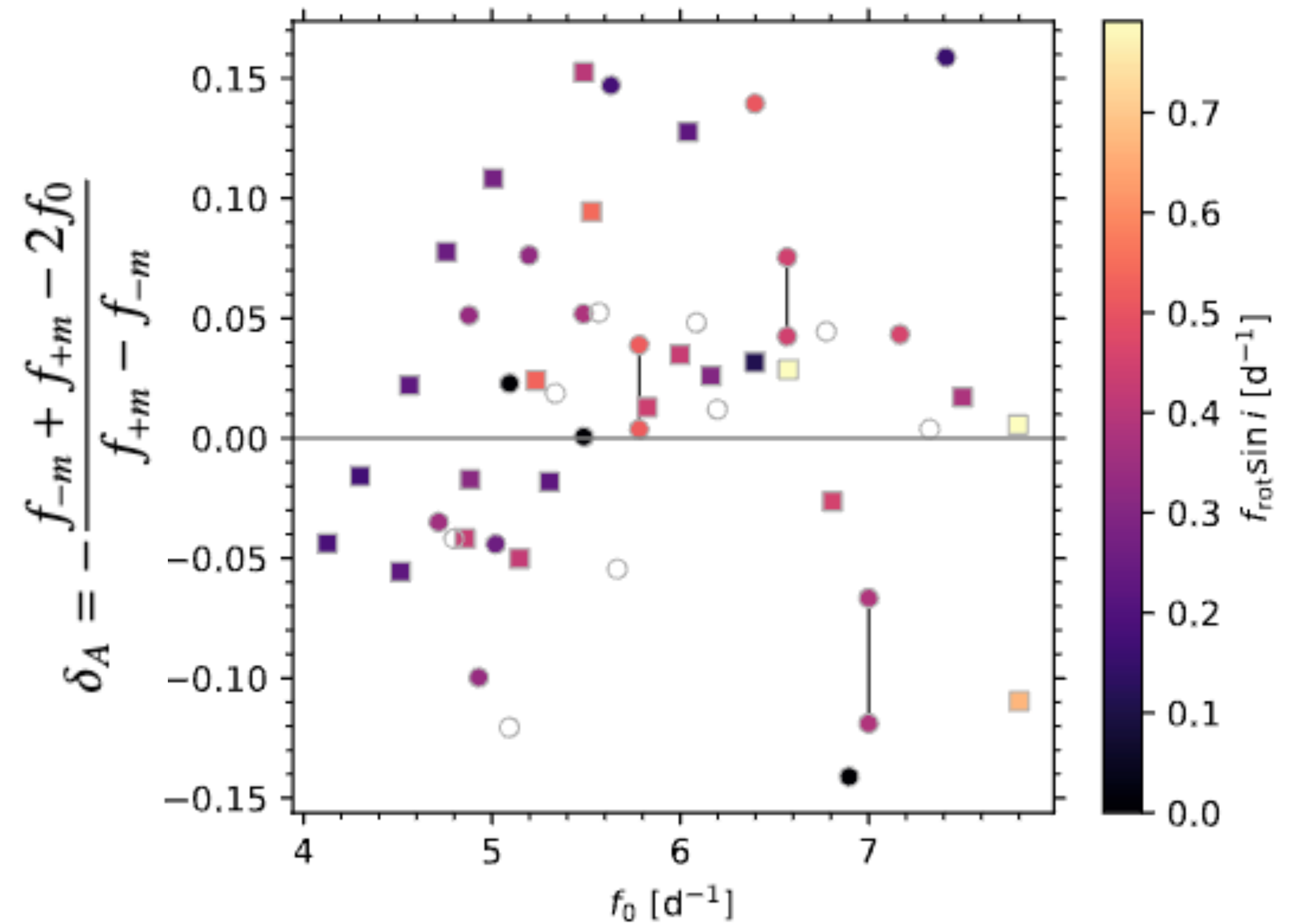
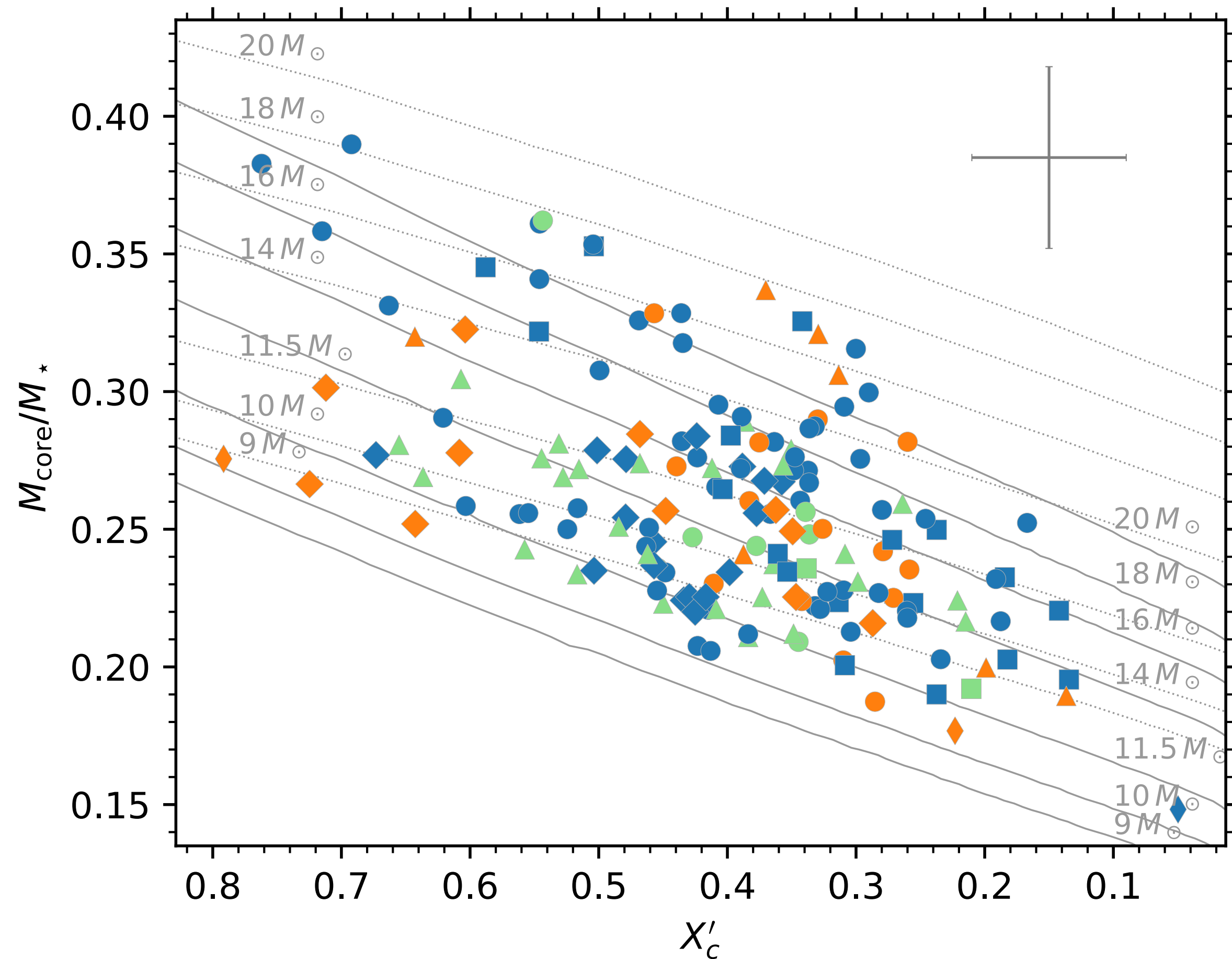


Upper Limit



Core properties of β Cep stars

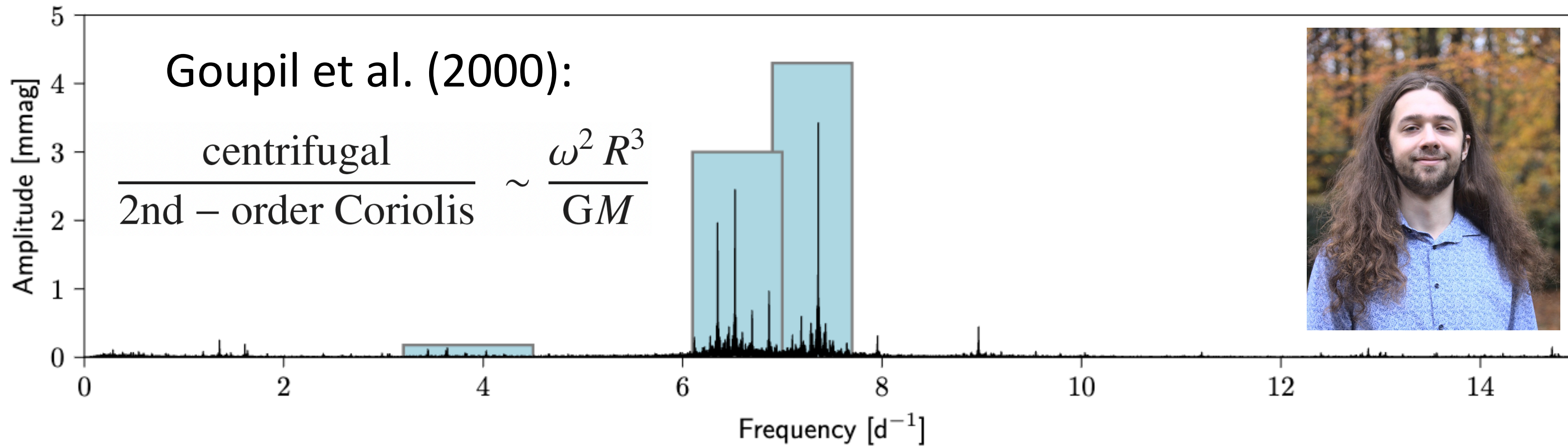
Gaia/TESS asteroseismology of β Cep stars ([Fritzewski et al. 2024](#))



multiplet asymmetries of 48 stars

Asymmetric splittings in HD192575

TESS CVZ β Cep star (Burssens et al. 2023), Vanlaer et al. (to be subm.)



P107: read & find out
1) (how) does 1 extra quintuplet peak change modelling?

2) rotation profile from inversion

3) do measured multiplet asymmetries require core magnetic field or not?

